PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8,
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Ports, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c. &c. with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK,
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,841.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1909. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND KANTA.

Date of Sailing, 3 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
[illegible]	[illegible]	8000	MOREA	13990
[illegible]	[illegible]	7913		
[illegible]	[illegible]	6000	MOOLTAN	9627
[illegible]	[illegible]	7903		
[illegible]	[illegible]	11000		
[illegible]	[illegible]	6000	CHINA	
[illegible]	[illegible]	7903		
[illegible]	[illegible]	10512		
[illegible]	[illegible]	8000	MACEDONIA	10512
[illegible]	[illegible]	7951		
[illegible]	[illegible]	6000	MOLDAVIA	9970
[illegible]	[illegible]	7911		

* The steamer will proceed via Malta to PLYMOUTH and LONDON. Passengers for MARSEILLES are transhipped to the S. S. "INDIA."

These Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

SPECIE BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day before sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 8 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage properly labelled with port of destination.

Trains leave for the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 1 and 2.30 o'clock p. m. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and are thereupon to be conveyed on board the Mail Steamer unless so inspected and conveyed thence in the Company's Launches. Special attention is directed to the Company's Regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1910.

Date of Sailing	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
[illegible]	[illegible]	11000		
[illegible]	[illegible]	7903		
[illegible]	[illegible]	6000	OHIN &	7912
[illegible]	[illegible]	7951		
[illegible]	[illegible]	6000	MALWA	11000
[illegible]	[illegible]	7903		
[illegible]	[illegible]	7912		
[illegible]	[illegible]	10512		
[illegible]	[illegible]	7903		
[illegible]	[illegible]	11000	MONGOLIA	9905
[illegible]	[illegible]	11000		
[illegible]	[illegible]	8000	MARMORA	10509
[illegible]	[illegible]	7538		
[illegible]	[illegible]	8000	MOREA	11000
[illegible]	[illegible]	7951		

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER at Special Rates.

The R.M.S. "INDIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY on 2 WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL RATES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 594	Rs. 742 or Rs. 891
To London	Rs. 742	Rs. 927 Rs. 792 Rs. 990

Fares include Tender.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly for COLOMBO on SATURDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued to Colombo.

For rates of passage and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE — Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.

PASSAGES BY P. & O. AND ORIENTAL — Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.

PASSAGES BY OTHER LINES — Carefully selected.

PASSAGE BOOK — With full particulars, sent gratis on application

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES — Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

Underwriters: GRINDLAY & Co.
Insurance: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers	Depôts	Date
[illegible]	C. P. Cabrera, R. N. R.	6th Oct. 1909.
[illegible]	Wm. Robertson	23rd Oct. 1909.
[illegible]	J. Hamilton	10th Nov. 1909.
[illegible]	A. Hair	27th Nov. 1909.
[illegible]	[illegible]	8th Dec. 1909.
[illegible]	A. [illegible]	31st Dec. 1909.
[illegible]	C. P. Cabrera, R. N. R.	7th Jan. 1910.
[illegible]	Wm. Robertson	25th Jan. 1910.
[illegible]	[illegible] Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

Reduced rates of fares from Bombay by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Marseilles	413
Round to Marseilles	448
Return to Marseilles	578
Single to Liverpool	605
Round to Liverpool	653
Single to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Single to New York	803
Round to London and back	627
Round to Marseilles and back	677
Return to Liverpool and back	990
Round to London via Marseilles and Liverpool	1,038
Round to New York and back	1,340

Return by Portsaid include a Free Pass to Cairo and Cairo.

All rates are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Bombay merchants, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a daily qualified surgeon and experienced stewardesses and is fitted with every appliance.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in saloons free of charge.

Officers and Crew are exempted from the penalty attached to forfeiting their leave by reason of delay in a foreign port, provided it is found to arrive within the period of their leave.

The return rate to Europe includes a passage by S. S. [illegible] between Karachi and Bombay.

For further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Ports via.
LINGA	3,171	Mon. 4th Oct.	11 a.m.	P. D. & G.M.*
BURMA	2,570	Mon. 4th Oct.	4 p.m.	V.M. & G.**
DWARKA	1,866	Thur. 7th Oct.	9 a.m.	O Mandvi
LHASA	7,981	Fri. 8th Oct.	6 a.m.	Direct.

* Passengers for Dwarka and O. Mandvis.
** Veraval, Mangrole and Dwarka.
† Or later on arrival of the English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BURMA" 2,570 tons, on Monday, 4th Oct. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA" 1,866 tons, on Thursday, 7th Oct. calling also Mails and Passengers at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah, the latter Passengers and cargo on through booking to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

30th September, 1909.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,850	L. Mundici	15th Oct. 1909
Don. PASQUINO	4,860	D. Margarini	15th Nov. 1909
R. RUBATTINO	4,850	L. Mundici	15th Dec. 1909

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 502	Rs. 365	Rs. 160
Return Tickets available two years	„ 905 *	„ 675	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 850 Single and Rs. 765 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 898; 2nd Class Rs. 552 Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any ports of Italy.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The above-mentioned fares by steamer D. Baldwin and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February 1910:—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	...Rs. 475	Rs. 712-8
1st Class, Inside Cabin	...Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	...Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge. The usual comforts will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be: 1st Class Rs. 700, and 2nd Class Rs. 525.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Oct. 1909.
ISONIA	6,000	G. Bolsio	15th Nov. 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Dec. 1909.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

D. OLIVA,
Ag. Agent.

No. 26 HORNBY ROAD.

COUTTS & CO.,

PASSENGER AGENTS.

POST BOX 249, BOMBAY.

Steamer Fares to England.

		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
A.	LIVERPOOL.—			
	1st single	605-0	2nd single	462-0
	1st return	990-0	2nd return	704-0
B.	LONDON BY SEA.—			
	1st single	858-0	2nd single	627-0
	1st single	693-0	2nd single	528-0
	1st return	1,287-0	2nd return	940-8
	1st return	1,039-8	2nd return	792-0
C.	LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.—			
	1st single	858-0	2nd single	627-0
	1st return	1,287-0	2nd return	941-0
D.	LONDON VIA GENOA.—			
	1st single	694-8	2nd single	451-0
	1st return	1,089-0	2nd return	707-0
E.	LONDON VIA TRIESTE.—			
	1st single	760-0	2nd single	535-0
	1st return	1,263-0	2nd return	832-0
F.	WEYMOUTH (South of England)—			
	1st single	400-0 and 420-0		
G	THIRD CLASS PASSAGES LONDON BY SEA.—			Rs.
	Berths in general Cabin			210
	„ „ 4 „ Berth Cabin			225
	„ „ 2 Berth Cabin			240

London via Marseilles with 2nd class rail.....Rs. 357, Rs. 342

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employes Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, etc.

For further particulars apply to:—

COUTTS & CO.,
BOMBAY.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
† KAISER	2,300	von Holdt	14th Oct.
† SOCALI	2,091	Gesler	28th Oct.
† PRASIDENT	3,100	Mohlcher	11th Nov.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

* Will carry 1st class and passengers for Cape Ports.
† Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES,
Agent.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 17th September, 1909.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED.

HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.

☞ *The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.*

SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,036	Robert	28th Oct., 1909
SALAZIE	4,147	Marchet	25th Nov. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. „
AUSTRALIEN	6,363	Rigaler	20th Jan. 1910
NERA	5,088	Combis	17th Feb. „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	3rd Oct. 1909
AUSTRALIEN	6,363	Rigaler	5th Nov. „

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Act. Agent.

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COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co.'s SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... „ 15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Ryojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Mengtien Mukden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tieling
London,		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... „ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
BATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq., (Mecnim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

IN
WATCHES

WE COMPETE FOR QUALITY NOT PRICE.

PLAIN OR COMPLICATED.
NICKEL
SILVER
GOLD.

Watch & Clock Catalogue on Application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD., BOMBAY & POONA.
Jewelers, Watchmakers and Clockmakers.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hydraulic Riveting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - - -
manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for in any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to enable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 15,000 Square Yards.
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House the designs and Commissioner Milner 1903, S. Africa.

WM. CHS. SMITH & CO. FROM LONDON.

PAINTERS & HOUSE DECORATORS.
Importers of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
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"ZINGESSOL" is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and waste of overtasks of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startlings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, fruitless complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, tearing, down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges involuntary losses, &c., restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcomes and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form, not with-standing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture, for the sake of extra profit). Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope, on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

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For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

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MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No. 833
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Kelar and Karachi.

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Select Hotel for European Gentry only.

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Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous
SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.
It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

Now obtainable at

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles ... ... Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles ... ... Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

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Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1
BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour Rs. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.
BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Is scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayapol and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY, SADAR, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit of Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° „ „
Monkey 125° „ „
Elephant in tins and bulk.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the removal of the Electric Installation, Machinery and Plant, &c., of the "Bombay Gazette," Limited, from No. 2, Green Street, Fort, to Tamarind Lane, Fort. Intending Tenderers may inspect both these premises any day between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Tenders should be submitted as early as possible to The General Manager, The "Bombay Gazette," Limited, who reserves to himself the right to reject any Tender without assigning any cause.

NOTICE.

UNITED PROVINCES EXHIBITION ALLAHABAD 1910.

AN INDUSTRIAL and AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, on a scale commensurate with the importance of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, will be held in December, 1910, at Allahabad, for the display of machinery, new appliances and manufacturing processes.

The following will be the chief Courts :—

1. Agriculture.
2. Fine and applied Arts.
3. Textiles.
4. Wood, stone and metal.
5. General Industries.
6. Engineering.
7. Education.
8. Forests.
9. Ladies' work.
10. Amusements.

The preliminary prospectus is now ready and can, with all other information, be obtained from

THE SECRETARY,
United Provinces Exhibition,
Allahabad.

THE MAHABOOB SHAHI KULBURGA MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at Shapoorwalli, Hyderabad (Deccan), on SATURDAY, the 30th October, 1909, at 5 p. m., to transact the following business :—

(1.) To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1908.

(2.) To declare a dividend.

(3.) To elect Directors.

(4.) To appoint auditor or auditors for the year 1909.

By order of the Board of Directors,

S. E. CHENAI,
Secretary, Treasurer and Agent.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 27th September to 15th October, 1909, both days inclusive.

POONA EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 2nd OCTOBER, 1909.

OWNERS are REMINDED that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M. on MONDAY, 4th October, 1909.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. T. T. C.

POONA, 20th SEPTEMBER, 1909.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that from the 1st October, 1909, till the 31st March next, any DOGS found straying in the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such Dogs will be DESTROYED in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 (1) of Act IV. of 1892.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Ag. Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 30th September 1909.

BOMBAY GAS COMPANY LIMITED.

THE COMPANY INVITE TENDERS for landing coal from ships in harbour and carriage to the Gas Works, Parel, for the year ending December 31st, 1910.

Form of tender will be sent on application to

A. R. BURR,
General Manager and Engineer.

Standard Building,
Hornby Road,
Fort.

NOTICE.

RATE-PAYERS are warned against Paying Bills for Municipal Rates and Taxes without receiving at the time of Payment the Bills themselves receipted and stamped with the Coat of Arms of the Municipal Corporation. Receipts for rates and taxes written on ordinary slips of paper are illegal and cannot be recognised. The only legal receipt is the receipted bill itself stamped with the Coat of Arms of the Municipal Corporation.

Rate payers, when in doubt about any payment or about any Municipal matter relating to their properties, should apply for information to the Assessor and Collector at the Municipal Office.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 30th September, 1909.

H.E.H. THE NIZAM'S GOVERNMENT.

Office of Secretary to Government, Judicial, Police and General Departments,
Hyderabad—(Deccan.)
Dated, Hyderabad 26th September, 1909.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified, for the INFORMATION of Shipping Companies, that 403 Pilgrims proceeding to the HIJAZ this year, from His Highness the Nizam's Dominions, will embark from the Port of Bombay. Shipping Companies, who desire to enter into contract with His Highness' Government for the conveyance of the said Pilgrims from Bombay to Port Jeddah and back, are requested to tender their applications, showing the proposed rates for 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class passengers at the office of the Secretary to Government in the Judicial, Police and General Departments, Hyderabad—Deccan, on SATURDAY the 9th October, 1909, at 11 a. m. (Fasli 4th Azur 1319).

Intending Contractors should submit their applications either in person or through their Agents; and they or their Agents should attend it in Office at the appointed hour, so as to admit of matters being arranged personally, if necessary.

Applications from persons not holding legal Powers of Attorney from shipping Companies, cannot be considered.

All particulars, may be obtained from the Office of the Secretary to Government in the Judicial, Police and General Departments, Hyderabad—Deccan, on application.

His Highness' Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest offer made.

By order,

MUHAMAD AZIZ MIRZA, B. A.
Secretary.

NOTICE.

MR. JAMES BEASK (formerly of Bombay) having REMOVED from Edinburgh to "Kirkwood," 6, Crystal Palace Park Road, Sydenham, London S. E., will be glad to TAKE [illegible] and Superintend the [illegible] of those patients are [illegible] Particulars apply [illegible]

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). First insertion :—12 annas first 24 words. 4 annas per extra line.

Subsequent insertions :—2 annas per line.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Prices Current, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Commercial Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Rice Liens and Rates of Exchange, &c. Of Ships Copy, Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We ask it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ltd., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable Business Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Customers expedition and economy in order. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by Supervisor with experience in P. W. D. and Railways. Apply to W. G., care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Arranged by Bhyds from 1s. 9d. to 1s. 4.32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion.—Commission.—Interest.—Decimal.—Value.—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky can be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Re. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

HOUSE FOR SALE—AT BANGALORE, A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes arranged and built in the English style situated in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No 505, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' RAILWAY GUIDE.—One of the Guide with coloured Railway Map duly corrected are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler & Co.'s Bookstall on the principal Railway Station platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office—Price 8 annas.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 9 Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—"Singer" Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that one can hardly wear out a single, and as for the mechanical excellence in control easy are best in the World.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," When available, are supplied at the following special prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months and still within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete recapitulation of Indian News of interest or interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave, Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 2 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co.'s Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 8 annas.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and despatch at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Re. 5. Apply Box No. 409, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 13A., Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, 1 and 2 Class, Pay Rs. 75 and 50 respectively. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 2107, care of this paper.

WANTED At once FLAT, furnished or unfurnished, not less than three bedrooms. Apply Major KELLY, 125th Rifles, Watson's Annexe.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? with LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY:
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY,
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs.

LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6

"Apply The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

A BAZAAR
WILL BE HELD IN THE TOWN HALL,
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 2.

EMBROIDERY,
FANCY WORK, BRAN PIE, ETC.,
TEA & REFRESHMENTS.

THE VICTORIA BAND
WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

OPEN FROM 4-30 to 7-30.

ENTRANCE, As. 4.
CHILDREN, HALF PRICE.

Proceeds in aid of the Girls' Friendly Society.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserved Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,631,373·75

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
London	Empire.	Paring.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,250,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 250,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH, (Calcutta), MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, NEGAPATAM, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Offices and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and &c., and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.
BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa

CORRESPONDENTS :
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted
RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

RAJAH BAHADUR MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BRANCH OFFICE is now OPENED at MUMBADEVI.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be opened from the 1st of September, 1909, and interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to *Rs. 5* per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

HYDRAULIC PRESSES

FOR PACKING COTTON

EDWIN MILLS & [illegible]

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

DO YOU WANT A REALLY GOOD WHISKY?
IF SO, TRY
CLUB BLEND

Insist on bottle and bears the OLD LAMP Trade Mark.

Beware of Imitations.

To be had of
Messrs. D. C. COOMRCAR & Co., D. D. BARIA, AND OF ALL DEALERS,
OR
ADDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.,
THE SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,575,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States)	Saigon
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpor (Do.)	Shanghai
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Soerabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak)		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J. GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE :
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES :

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Newera-Eliya
Bombay.	Tuticorin.	Aden (Camp.)
Madras.	Chittagong.	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi.	Rangoon.	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore	Mandalay.	Mombasa
Lahore	Colombo.	Nairobi.
Amritsar.	Kandy.	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia purchased or sold or negotiated.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

BOMBAY J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, do not fail to take the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being as doubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, for

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 15, 1909.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR :
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty Upper-storied HOUSE at Bangalore, with excellent grounds, outhouses, and stabling, having compounds arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 505, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

F. I. A. T.
THE NEW
12-14 H. P.

Royal Automobile Club Rating 15·6 H. P.
LIVE AXLE
F. I. A. T.

THE TOWN CAR DE LUXE OF THE SEASON.

ECONOMICAL in up-keep.

PETROL consumption 25 miles to the gallon.

RELIABLE and easy to handle.

LIGHT on tyres.

ACCURATE in constructing, accordingly accessible.

THE NEW 12-14 Horse Power
F. I. A. T.

Chassis has 4 speeds forward with reverse and is fitted with forced lubrication and all the most up-to-date improvements known in motor design.

PRICE—English list price plus cost of importation.

For detailed specification prices and all particulars apply to the

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LD.,
P. O. Box 195, P. O. Box 298,
BOMBAY. CALCUTTA.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

Begs to inform the Public that they have the following SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE :—

		Rs.
De DION.—6 H.P., 3 seats...	...	1,000
Do. —9 H.P., 4 seats ...	...	2,500
WOLSELEY.—8 H.P., 4 seats	...	1,700
Do. —12-14 H.P., 7 seats...		For offers.
ORLEANS.—15 H.P., 5 seats	...	3,400
HORBICK.—14-16 H.P., 4 seats	...	3,500
PANHARD.—15 H.P., 5 seats	...	3,400
BIANCHI.—25-30 H.P., 5 seats	...	5,000
De DION.—9 H.P., 4 seats...	...	2,100
REO—18 H.P., 5 seats	...	For offers.
BEAUFORT—8 H.P., 3 seats	...	2,100

All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

CARS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.,
1 BRITISH HOTEL LANE, APOLLO STREET,
(Opposite Lipton's).

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS
BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

WREXHAM LAGER BEER

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.

Sold by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACDOWELL & CO., MADRAS.
H. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
And all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 1, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 3rd October, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their godown, (Tram Line), close to the Fire Brigade Station and next to Sir Tharia Topan's Bungalow, the valuable teakwood and blackwood dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, such as English dining table, mirror sideboard, Chesterfield sofas and easychairs, elegant cabinets, Cuzon easychairs, jardinieres, brass double bedstead, inlaid wardha almirah, separable into 5 pieces, marble-topped dressing and washhand tables, large lot of Japanese flower vases, flower holders, cups and saucers, engravings, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 4th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, a large quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece goods, and the following :—

Furniture such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, dinner waggon, sofas, easychairs, dumbwaiter, almirah, overboards dressing and washhand tables, iron safes, etc.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Mrs. A. M. J. Mason, such as teak cot, dressing table, chairs, chest of drawers, mattress and etc.

Under instructions from Bai Nandagauri Bhalal D. Sarayu, the mortgagee in possession, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Patterson and Co.

1 Cask Whisky.
8 Cases Champagne. (illaged.)
6 Cases Old Tom and Gin (illaged).

By order of the Bank and on account of the Concerned.

796-1-4—4 casks earthenware, consisting of about 175 doz. almond pattern plates, dishes baking covered dishes, tea cups and saucers, teapots, sugar boxes, water jugs, egg cups, tureens etc.

At 3 P.M. (S. T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred shigram.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 1st October, 1909.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Landed Properties situate at Mirza Oil Maker Street and 1st Chinch Bunder Road.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, the Undermentioned landed properties firstly and secondly described, THIS DAY, FRIDAY the 1st and TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 2nd October, 1909, respectively, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises under instructions of Messrs. Hiralal and Co., Attorneys for the Transferee, Mr. Diwanbhai Jagannath and at the risk of Rustomji Esfaler Sheriff pursuant to the power of Sale vested in the Transfer of mortgage, dated the 11th day of March, 1904.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Farandari land or ground, together with messuage, tenement, dwelling-house and premises, standing thereon, situate lying and being on the South side of Mirza Oil Maker Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward C No. 619 and Street No. 51 and 53, admeasuring 112 square yards, be the same little more or less and bounded on the east by the property of Parsee Dadabhai Palanji, on the north by the said Mirza Oil Maker Street, on the west by the property of Homeyibai, daughter of the late Manockji Divji, deceased, and on the south by the property of Nariendas Haribhai.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of land quit and ground rent tenure with messuage, tenement or chawl situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at 1st Chinch Bunder Row, and Chinch Bunder Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 1072, 1073 and Street No. 175, 179; 101 and 103 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1240, Collector's New No. 6980, Old Survey No. 96 and New Survey No. 2630, admeasuring about 74 square yards, be the same little more or less and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the east by the property of Lalji Pooney, on the north by Bhat Bunder, on the west towards the north by ladder, leading the Prince's Dock and on or towards the south by a cooper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Hiralal & Co., Attorneys for the Transferee of Mortgage or to the Undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 1st October, 1909.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and second-hand English-built CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES, let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for Sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

HOTEL WINDSOR,
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Bath.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

HENRY'S GREAT INDIAN REMEDIES.
IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.

THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, etc.

HIPPACEA.—The finest ointment in the world for the Horse and other animals.

TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.

JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.

OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

SOLE AGENTS,
CROFT MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-TWO LAKHS

THE objects presented to all Europeans and Anglo-Indians by this Fund are much more suited to the wants of a husband and father than those presented by Insurance Companies securing capital sums payable at death.

12, Dalhousie Square, East Calcutta.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs made and supplied.—Chowkis, No. 8.

MONSOON PAULINS
made of
SUPERIOR WATER-PROOF CANVAS.

Samples and quotations on receipt of full particulars of requirements.

W. CROWDER & CO., LTD.,
Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily for 1 week.—Six insertions Re. 1 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Thrice a week.—Three insertions Re. 1-8 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Twice a week.—Two insertions Re. 1-12 per inch of 8 lines, per insertion.

Once only.—Re. 2 per inch of 8 lines.

WANTED.

FOR the G. I. P. Railway School at Byculla a MATHEMATICAL TEACHER on Rs. 80 per mensem with an Annual Bonus from Government Grant-in-Aid. Apply with full particulars of age, qualifications and copies of testimonials to the SECRETARY, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.

TO BE LET.

ABOUT 4,000 square feet of office room over the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Parry Smith & Co, open to West, North and East.

Particulars from :—
LEACH & WEDDERBURN.
Rampart Row,
Bombay.

MOTORISTS

Do you want to obtain the best results from your Car? If you do, you will buy "CHALENGE" MOTOR OILS AND GREASE

They are recognised as the most reliable Lubricants in the World. Prices and full particulars from

SAMUEL FITZE & CO., LTD.,
89, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

RARE OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE PROPERTIES, situated at Colaba, Fort, Byculla, Grant Road, Parel, Worlee, Cumballa Hill, Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, Dadar, Mahim, &c., &c., and VACANT PLOTS at different localities. For further particulars apply to—

MESSRS. S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & CO.,
18, Bank Street, Fort.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather when your Glasses perspire in falling of you have a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and [illegible]
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. [illegible]

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance including delivery.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
POONA SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscription.	Rates.	Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 30	0
Half-yearly ...	,, 15	0
Quarterly ...	,, 7	8
Monthly ...	,, 2	8

MOFUSS

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

PETITION for Probate of the last will and testament of BIRJI TOPAN TELLEY, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, Managing Clerk, deceased.

KESARBAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu inhabitant, residing at New Hanuman Lane outside the Fort, the Sole Executrix named in the Will .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to appear and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Court at its Prothonotary.

WITNESS SIR BASIL SCOTT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this twenty-fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nine and in the Tenth year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI, Registrar.

The 25th day of September, 1909.

F. B. MALBARI, Solicitor for the Petitioner.

Filed the 27th day of September, 1909.

Solicitors: MANSUKHLAL JAMSETJI AND HIRALAL, Petitioner's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,

No. 21, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 1st October at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the top floor of the Paper Currency Office, Medows Street, Fort, the very valuable and handsome teak wood and blackwood, also open carved, household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best pleasureware, sliding dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back sideboards and chiffoniers, handsome drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs, artistic made cabinets and chiffoniers, single and double mirror door almyrahs, marble top octagon and round tables, office tables with drawers, glass door book presses, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, Chesterfield sofas, Singapore cane furniture, bentwood chairs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes presses, rich curtains, table, hanging, wall and hall lamps by Bilmar, rich Persia's and Brussel's carpets, etc., etc., the property of J. Stuart Milne, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 2nd instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 grey Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.

1 bay pony, quiet to harness.

1 nearly new motor car "Simplex" valveless, 6 H. P. single cylinder, victoria shaped, with 2 seats, used only for a very short time, is in working order, with large water tank and hood.

1 black country bred mare, 14-2 1-2, 6 years.

1 Black Arab horse, 14-1 1-2, 6 years.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT MUGHAT STREET.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 5th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on the premises, under instructions of India Purshotam Magan in exercise of the power of sale reserved to him under an Indenture of mortgage dated the 22nd day of February, 1906, made between Thaker Ranchodji Bhanji of the one part and the said India Purshotam Magan of the other part.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Mughat Street in the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 67 3-4 square yards or thereabout and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes D Ward No. 653 under Street No. 3 and bounded as follows—to the east by, on, or towards the East by a passage of the said, on or towards the West by property of Ramanand Trimbukji and on or towards the South by property of Vemnabai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulchand Jamiatram and Madan, Solicitors for the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 1st October, 1909.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASE

INCLUDING

ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.

PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS £3 or £7 per annum.

INDIAN AGENTS

Messrs. KING KING & CO.,

BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.

I. PRINTING MACHINE.

Size Quad Crown, Double Motion, Tumbler pattern, Improved Main's Patent, by Messrs. Harrild and Sons, in good working order.

1 PRINTING MACHINE, Size Quad Demy, Double Motion, Tumbler pattern, Improved Main's Patent, by Messrs. Harrild and Sons, in good working order.

These machines may be inspected at the Electric Printing Works of the "Bombay Gazette," Ltd., No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—1. Half the amount must be deposited immediately the purchase is decided, and the balance before removal.

2. Removal of the machine by the purchaser must be effected at his own cost within two days after purchase is decided.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, sub-offices, and stabling, having floor-boxes surrounded, and built in the English style, [illegible] in a healthy and select part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For [illegible] apply to No. 80 "care of the "Bombay Gazette."

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS,

LONDON, 29TH SEPT., 09. [BOMBAY, 30TH SEPT. 09.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Pies. Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	...	83 3/16	3/16
3 do. Rentes	...	97 1/4	un chgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan	...	97 3/4	un chgd
3 do. Govt Securities	...	69 1/16	1/16
Bar Silver in London	...	23 11/16	1/16
do. do. 2 months' bance		23 11/16	1/16
Silver in New York	...	51 1/4	1/8
Exchange on London at Paris	...	25·13 1/2	un chgd
do. do. do. Berlin	...	20·39 1/2	1
do. do. do. New York	...	4·25 7/8	un chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate		2 1/2	Since 1st April.
do Short London Bills		2 1/4	un chgd
3 months' sight			
do. Indian Bank Bills		2 1/2	un chgd
6 months' sight			
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills		2 5/8	un chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills		3	un chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	...	3/4	1/8
do. 2-day Market Loans	...	1	un chgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	...	77/11 3/8	un chgd

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England £500,000 for South America.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 7-8d. unched.

Closing Tone of Silver—Steady with small buyers.

London, Sept. 29.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 20,00,000.

Rs. 10,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 9,00,000 were allotted to Bombay.
Rs. ..... were allotted to Madras.

Rs. 19,00,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 1s 0·0.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :—

Rs. ... were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. ... were allotted to Bombay.
Rs. 1,00,000 were allotted to Madras.

Rs. 1,00,000

Tenders on Madras at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Madras 1s 0d.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including Last Public Sale ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week ..... Rs. 30,00,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL :—

Spots ... ... Fair demand steady.
Futures ... ... Easier.
East Indian ... ... Quiet.
Manchester ... ... Steady.
Total Sales ... ... 15,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... .
Imports ... ...
Mid-Americans 7 33-100
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10 1-16 unchgd.

Called 8,000

Futures Delivery Prices :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·04	7·00	6·95	6·95
+03	+02	+02	+02

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June
6·95	6·93	6·93	6·93	6·93
+02	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd

NEW YORK :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ... ... 85,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ... ... 55,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ... 12,000 "
Do to Continent ... ... 89,000 "
Spot Cotton—12 30—25

Futures—Month ut Oct. 13·09—08 } Advanced early on favourable cotton goods situation and declined later owing to bear pressure and liquidation.
Do. do. Dec. 13·17—07 }

NEW ORLEANS :—

Spot Cotton—13 3-16 unchgd.
Futures—Month of Oct. 12·95—92
Do. do. Dec. 13·08—02
Closing Tone of spot—Firm.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fine Broach ... ... d. 6 24-32
F. G. Broach ... ... d. 6 19-32
Good Broach ... ... d. 6 14-32
F.G.F. Tinnevelly C.I.F. Liverpool d. 5 25-32

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C.I.F.—29 3-4—Oct.-Nov.—London—Buyers.
Tone of Wheat.—Firmer.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED :—

Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—45 Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship—43 3-4 Oct.-Nov.—Hamburg—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.

LINSEED :—

Tone of Linseed.—Firm.
Linseed Argentine La Plata 48 1-4—Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk—Buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE :—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 7 1-4 unchgd.

SUGAR :—

German granulated sugar, double bags, C. and F. India 13s. 7½d.
Months of Shipment—November-December.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Firm.

RUBBER :—

Para Rubber 9s. 1d.—Value.

ARRIVALS :—

"Toukin."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [30TH SEPT. 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
1 Case Sovs.	16,500	Jeddah	The B. & P. S. N. Co.
18 Packages Sovs.	58,580		
Gold Coins	6,205	Jeddah	Sundry Importers.
Silver Dollars	10,180		
Rupees	6,009		
1 Pkg Rs.	600	Muscat	B. Tirumapa
1 Bundle Rs.	1,800	Muscat	M. Mackenzie & Co.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 28th September, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
B. B. & C. I. Railway	47	55,975
B. B. & C. I. Railway	54	63,102

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates :—

Bank of England ... 2½ per cent. from 1st April.
Bank of Bengal ... 4 per cent. „ 30th Sept.
Bank of Bombay ... 3 per cent. „ 15th July.
Bank of Madras ... 4 per cent. „ 26th July.

CONEY :—

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is Rs. 4 lakhs up. Its official rate of interest is raised 1 per cent. to 4 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE :—

The Exchange Market is firm. Rates are 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T., 1s. 4d. Bank Demand, and 1s. 4 5-32d. for 3 months' Sight Credit Bills. Far Eastern quotations are practically unchanged.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	1s. 3 31-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 4d.
Credits—2 months' sight	1s. 4 5-32d.
Do 6 months' sight	1s. 4 9-32d.
Do 2 months' sight—France	169 1-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	120 1-4
Hongkong—30 days' sight	130
Yokohama—30 days' sight	131 1-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight	173

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

This market opened at 94 13-16 for cash (to-day's settlement), was down to 94 11-16, but improved to 94 13-16 at which there were sellers at the close. The settlement passed off at between 94 11-16 and 94 13-16. The rate for 2nd November delivery kept 1-4 per cent. to 3-16 per cent lower. Being settlement day, a large business was put through. The opening prices in Calcutta were advised as 94 3-4 and 94 5-8, respectively, for ready and forward delivery within a month.

We quote :—

Cash	...	Rs.	94-13 } Sellers.
1st Settlement	...	„	94-10 }

BULLION :—

Reuter reports a rise of 1-16d. in the London Silver Market, the quotations being 23 11-16 for spot as well as forward delivery in 2 months. The tone of the market was quiet but steady at the close. The advance was due to the buying orders from India. The New York price was up 1-8 cent at 51 1-4. Our local market opened at 60-1, ex-duty, for ready as well as October delivery, rose to 60-3, but reacted to 60-1, at which there were some buyers at the close. The November settlement kept 3 annas higher. A moderate business only was transacted to-day.

Bar Gold closes unchanged as under :—

	Rs.	a.	p
English Bar Gold	24	3	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	3	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	1	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	7	0
English Double Sovereigns	15	1	3
Silver—Duty—Ready	60	1	0a
Ditto 1st Settlement	60	1	0a
Ditto 2nd Settlement	60	4	0a

a Buyers,

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market opened quiet but steady with rates unchanged except for Bengals, which were nominally Rs. 2 over last evening's closing rates. Only a very moderate business has been done during the day, at the close the market is easier with sellers at our quotations. Bengals have declined sharply for November delivery.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	293	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach ...	273	„ „
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kamgi ...	294	Jan. 1910
Fine M. G. Jamangaum-Pulgaon	256	„ „
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola ...	250	„ „
Fine M. G. Amrsoti	250	„ „
Fine M. G. Muttia	2[illegible]	„ „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	200	„ „
Fine. M. G. Khandeish ...	238/9	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	229	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	230	Dec. 1909
Fine M. G. Bengals	240	Nov. 1909
F. G. M. G. Bengals	211	Jan. 1910

LIVERPOOL OPENING :—

Opening Sales ... ... Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 12,000 bales.
Total Imports 2,000

FUTURES DELIVERY PRICES :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·01	6·98	6·92	6·92
—03	—04	—04	—04

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May.-June.
6·92	6·90	6·90	6·90	6·89
—03	—03	—03	—03	—04

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is firm and we quote as under :—

Ready	Rs.	8 9 0	B. T.
Sept.	„	9 15 6	R. T.
April-May ...	„	5 4 3	„

RAPESEED :—

The market is steady with business doing at our quotations :—

Ready Brown Cawnpore	Rs.	6 12 0	B. T.
Ready Yellow ...	„	7 3 6	„
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	„	7 5 6	„
Brown Delhi, April-May ...	„	7 2 6	R. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	42 0 0	
White Khandeish	„	46 0 0	
Black Cudak	„	32 0 0	
Black Kutni	„	35 0 0	

Tone—Quiet.

POPPYSEED :—

Sept.-Oct. ... ... Rs. 9 3 0 R. T.
Tone—Steady.

CASTORSEED :—

Ready	Rs.	32 8 0	
Sept.-Oct.	„	6 9 0	R. T.
April-May	„	6 3 0	

Tone—Easier.

COTTONSEED :—

Ready ... — ...	Rs.	23 0 0	
Dec.-Jan.	„	22 4 0	

Tone—Quiet.

GROWNSEED :—

Sept.-Oct. ... ... Rs. 5 15 0 R. T.
Tone—Quiet.

WHEAT :—

The market is quite but steady as under :—

White Delhi, Sept.	Rs.	5 15 6	R. T.
White-Delhi, April-May ...	„	5 4 6	
Soft red	„	37 8 0	

THE SHARE MARKET.

BANKS :—

Bombay	1,475
India	65 1-2
Indian Specie	51 1-2

MILLS :—

Connaught	260
David	405
Empress	245
Howard and Ballough	400
Kohinoor	720
Manockji Petit	3,370
Sun Mills	330

PRESSES :—

New Mofussil	770

MISCELLANEOUS :—

Alcock Ashdown & Co	285
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary	98
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordinary	317 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,115
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	14
Treacher & Co.	570

RAILWAYS :—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	605
Tapti Valley	430

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	1,359	bales.
Wheat	4,615	cwts.
Linseed	1,051	„
Rapeseed	2,646	„
Gingellyseed	1,595	„
Poppyseed	542	„
Groundnuts	285	„
Castorseed	2,723	„
Rice	1,325	„
Myrabolams	31	„
Cottonseed	3,382	„
Mowraseed	287	„
Grain	2,907	„
Jowari	nil	„
Maize	82	„

KARACHI FREIGHTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Freight Market remains very firm, and full rates have been paid, about 20,000 tons having been done in the past week. The Wilson Line came out as sellers of freight for Hull for the 10th October and secured 11,250 tons at 14s. 6d.

THE Bank of Bengal rate of interest was raised yesterday to four per cent.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAL NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

BIRTH.

PARTRIDGE—September 26, at Coonoor, to Mr. and Mrs. J. G. D. Partridge, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

GOULD—GALLOP—September 27, in the Wesleyan Church, Egmore, Madras, by the Revs. J. Breeden and E. W. Thompson, M. A., Thomas Gould, Wesleyan Mission, Mysore City, son of the late J. Gould, of Watchet, Somerset, to Amy Margaret, daughter of Mr. G. Gallop, of Williton, Somerset.

DEATHS.

BERNARD—September 27 at the General Hospital, Madras, Henry Bonar Bernard, late Mathematical and Science Master, Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, aged 74 years.

TRAILL—September 21, at Udaipur, suddenly, the Revd. John Traill, U. F. C. Mission, Jaipur.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 247.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 29m. Sun sets, 6h. 28m.; High water, 0-11m., 0-27. Low water 6·3m.; 6·23s.

English Mail steamer "Salsette" due, 6 a. m.

Rovers' Football Tournament Cooperage, 5-20 p. m.

Taj Mahal Dance, 9-30 p.m.

Maxim : "Don't insist too much on your own importance. You may be "it" but forget it once in a while."

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, October 2.—Bombay Gymkhana Cricket : "B" Team vs. Bombay Borsh Club, Gymkhana Ground. Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p.m. Bazaar in aid of the Girls' Friendly Society, Town Hall, 4-30 to 7-30 p.m. Bombay Commercial Gymkhana Band, 116th Mahrattas at 6 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 29m., Sun sets, 6h. 28m. High water, 1-43m., 1-44s. Low water, 7-33m. 7-44s. 6-47m. 7-3s.

Sunday, October 3.—17th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 30m.; Sun sets, 6h. 27m. High water, 1-43m., 1-44s. Low water, 7-33m. 7-44s.

Monday, October 4.—Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m., Meeting of the Debenture holders of the Lukhmidas Khimji S. and W. Company, Oriental Building, 3-20 p.m. Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m. Sports St. Mary's School, Byculla. Sun rises, 6h. 30m., Sun sets, 6h. 25m., High water, 2 33m., 2-27s.; Low water, 8-33m., 8·28s.

Tuesday, October 5.—Sports St. Mary's School, Byculla. Rovers' Football Tournament Cooperage 5-20 p. m. Sun rises 6h. 30m; Sun sets 6h. 25m. High water 3 30m. 3-16s. Low water, 9-24m 9-18s.

Wednesday, October 6.—Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p. m. Rovers' Football Tournament, Cooperage, 5-20 p. m. Sun rises 6h. 31m. Sun sets 6h. 24m. High water 4·43m.; 4-22s. Low water 11·7m. 10·3ss.

TAJ MAHAL.—There will be a dance at the Taj Mahal Hotel this evening, to commence at 9-30 p.m.

MILL STRIKE.—In consequence of reductions made in the wages, the operatives in the weaving department of the Jacob Sassoon Mill, Parel, Bombay, have struck work. The Police was present to preserve order.

THE HON'BLE MR. ASTON.—The Hon'ble Mr. Aston, ex Judge of the Bombay High Court, and Mrs. Aston paid a visit yesterday to the Esplanade Police Court prior to their departure for South Africa. They took their seat beside Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and watched the proceedings of the Court for about an hour, after which they left.

DEATH OF A BROTHER OF MR. JUSTICE TELANG.—We regret to record the death of Mr. Krishnarao Bapu Telang, eldest brother of the late Mr. Justice Telang, which took place on Wednesday afternoon in his sixty-second year at his residence in Kandewady from an attack of paralysis. He was a sincere and uncontentious public worker held in great esteem by his community.

ALLEGED FATAL ASSAULT.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, concluded the inquiry touching the death of Khusal, a Hindu who died in a shed in Victoria Dock after an alleged assault. The circumstances under which he died have already been reported. The jury returned a verdict of death from the rupture of a diseased spleen, but at which assault the spleen was ruptured the jury could not say.

OBJECTIONABLE NEWSPAPERS.—Government had intimated to the directors of the Khangaum Library that unless the "Kesari," the "Bal," the "Bhalla," and the "Rastra Maat" newspapers were excluded, the Government grant made to the library would be stopped. The resolution was considered at a meeting of the subscribers of the library held under the presidency of Mr. Shripad Krishna Natahkar, when it was resolved to conform to the wishes of Government and to exclude the papers from the library.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—Owing to unforseen difficulties the annual meeting of the Students' Brotherhood fixed for to-morrow, Saturday, at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.) in Framji Cowasji Hall and which was to have been addressed by the Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale has been postponed to 9th instant at 5 p.m. (S. T.). The usual class on Sunday will not meet, but Prof. Wellinkar will address the Students in connection with the Anniversary of the Prathna Samaj. The subject of the address is "Ideals of Youth."

FATAL MOTOR ACCIDENT.—At the J. J. Hospital, yesterday, Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest on the body of Bhow Vithu, (30), a Hindu labourer. The evidence showed that on Monday at 6 p.m. the deceased was going along the Walkeshwar Road, when he was knocked down by a motor-car, (No. 1154) which came from behind. The car was stopped and the deceased was removed from under the car. He was taken to the Hospital, where he succumbed to concussion of the brain and other injuries. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Sarjeat, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p. m. to-day :—

Descriptive Piece...Die Musik Kommt...O. Straum
Overture.....Flotte Bursche .....Supps
(On German University Songs).
Song (Euphonium Solo) .....The Bandolero.....Leslie Stuart
Selection .....The Yeomen of the Guard.....A. Sullivan
Valse .....Songe D'Automne ...A. Joyce
Selection .....Reminiscences of all Nations .....C. Godfrey
Egyptian Serenade Amina .....F. Lincke

SCRIPT SHORTHAND.—We have received a copy of the August and September issue of the "Bombay Script Magazine." The Magazine is the organ of the "Bombay Script Shorthand Writers' Association" which was formed in May last at the Script Shorthand and Typewriting Institute, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, with the object of promoting the cause of Script shorthand generally in India and particularly in Bombay. The Magazine was started in June with a view to give reading practice to the members of the Association. We do not propose to compare the Script with Pitman's style of shorthand but it is claimed that experience has proved the "Script System" to be so easy that a student of average ability will be able to master its principles without the least difficulty within four weeks.

HONOUR TO THE PROPRIETOR OF A THEATRICAL COMPANY.—The Vakaneir Arya Hitwardhak Theatrical Company has for some time past been going at the Empire Theatre in Bombay drama designed to instruct and to improve the morals of the people. The laudable efforts of the proprietor of the Company have been duly appreciated in the Hindu community : and at the last performance on Tuesday, the proprietor, Mr. Trimbakilal, was publicly honoured for what he had done in the cause of virtue and morality by a committee consisting of Rao Bahadur Sunderdas Narayandas, Solicitor, Mr. Kunsodas Dharamsey, Mr. Humaraj Prajji Thackersey, and others. Several addresses were delivered, and rich neck-cloths and garlands of flowers were presented to Mr. Trimbakilal, who, in making a suitable acknowledgment, said he had received valuable assistance in his work from Mr. Rowaji Pestonji Daruvalla and Mr. Pestonji Sorabji Bathgram. To these gentlemen, presents of gold rings and gold Albert chains were made by Rao Bahadur Sunderdas on behalf of Mr. Trimbakilal. The performance was then proceeded with.

UNITED PROVINCES AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

THE preliminary prospectus of this Exhibition tells us that in spite of the ever-increasing commercial and industrial importance of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, nearly half a century has elapsed since a provincial exhibition took place at Allahabad in 1864. It is generally felt to be high time that the industrial capabilities and needs of the provinces were again brought prominently before the public. It is, therefore, proposed to hold a grand Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition at Allahabad, opening early in December 1910, and lasting for about three months. During this period of the year the climate is almost perfect : rain seldom falls ; the days are bright and pleasantly warm, and the nights comfortably cool. Allahabad is not only the capital of the provinces of Agra, and the seat of the High Court of Judicature, but is a commercial centre of ever-increasing importance. It is served by three lines of railway which place it in direct communication with Bombay, Calcutta, and all the important towns of Northern India. In the eyes of the Hindu community Allahabad, the ancient Prayag, is the most sacred spot on earth, owing to its situation at the confluence of the Ganges and Jumna, and is visited annually by hundred of thousands of pilgrims. The period of the exhibition has been fixed so as to include the great bathing festival, or Magh Mela, which will bring crowds of people from all parts of India ; hence exhibits attracting favourable notice are sure to be discussed in thousands of towns and villages throughout the length and breadth of the country. A picturesque site has been selected for the exhibition on an open plain by the banks of the Jumna, between the Fort and the City, and which has a branch station of the East Indian Railway right in the centre. It comprises an area of about 100 acres with possibility of further extension, and has magnificent roads connecting it with all parts of Allahabad and the surrounding districts. The situation on the high bank commands an unrivalled view of the river, and affords unique opportunities for certain special displays ; the river itself will be taken advantage of for regattas and motor-boats, and the fore-shore for fireworks, tournaments and aviation.

OBJECTS AND SCOPE.

The main object of the exhibition is to encourage the arts and industries of the United Provinces, by displaying products and methods of production, and by introducing from other countries such commodities and appliances as are required to supplement indigenous productions.

The scale of the exhibition is to be commensurate with the importance of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, which nearly equal in size, and considerably exceed in population the whole of the United Kingdom. Neither trouble nor expense will be spared to make the exhibition a success. It is planned on a scale never before attempted in India, and has the enthusiastic support of the leaders of all branches of the community including feudatory Chiefs and the landed aristocracy. At the inaugural meeting upwards of a lakh and a half of rupees were subscribed towards the expenses, which are expected to exceed seven lakhs of rupees. The movements is essentially non-official in character, but it has the hearty co-operation of the Local Government and the personal support of H. E. the Lieutenant-Governor Sir John Hewett, K. C. S. I., who as first Member for Commerce and Industry on the Viceroys Council did so much for the trade of India.

The general management of the exhibition is vested in a Council and an Executive Committee which included well-known leaders of the Hindu and Mahomedan communities, representatives of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce, high officials of Government, and other gentlemen intimately associated with industrial progress.

The recently completed industrial survey shows that the United Provinces are at present passing through a phase of unusual industrial activity which is focussed in the rapid expansion of Lucknow, Agra and Cawnpore. Ancient handicrafts are shewing signs of new life ; industries are springing up in the smaller towns, demanding modern machinery and appliances. Within the last few years the rates of labour, prices of commodities and standard of living have risen in a marked degree, accompanied by an active demand for conveniences and comforts previously unheard of. There is a widespread need for all kinds of appliances and aids to production—both industrial and agricultural. Manufacturers are fully aware of this and numerous enquiries and promises of exhibits have already been received.

The Exhibition will afford an unrivalled opportunity for the display of running machinery, and the Committee particularly wish to make processes a special feature of the Exhibition.

Exhibition authorities will do everything in their power for the convenience of exhibitors. Proper arrangements will be made for the reception, registration, custody, fire-protection and safe return of exhibits.

The Fort station of the B. B. & C. I. R. will be reserved for the exhibition and will land goods straight in the exhibition grounds. Exhibits will be admitted free of octroi, and important railway, steamship and Customs concessions are under negotiation.

Artistic gold, silver and bronze medals will be struck at the cost of the Committee for distribution, and a liberal provision of money prizes and certificates made for each section. The awards will be made by juries of selected experts.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

Intermediate M. B., B. S. Examination.

THE following is the list of successful candidates who presented themselves at the Intermediate M. B., B. S. examination held in September 1909 :—

HONOURS.

Framji Dossabhai Bana.

PASS CLASS.

Abreo, Abandino Joseph
Ajinkya, Ramrao Narayan
Athavale Chintaman Ramkrishna
Bhangady, Bhajanta Rao
Bimanchu, Edalji Pestanji
Bhat, Vishnu Mahadev
Bhatavadekar, Nilkant Bhalchandra
Cooper, Nariman Navroji
Exempted in Materia Medica.
Daboo, Erach Rustomji
Dalal, Narsilal Purshotamdas
Davar, Jehangir Sorabji
Driver, Ardeshir Rustomji
Dubash, Nusserwanji Pirojshaw
Kelkar, Madhav Sadashiv
Kharas, Homi Nusserwanji
Khote, Hiranath Dhondunath
Kirloskar, Shripad Raghunath
Mehta, Cowashaw Cursetji
Nayalkar, Shamrao Moroba
Noronha, John G.
Phadke, Shankar Keshav
Sontar, Mohan Vishindas
Tambe, Gangadhar Ramchandra
Thanavala, Rustomji Khurshetji

MAJOR M. P. C. HOLT, R.A.M.C., is appointed Operative Surgery Specialist, Lahore Division.

MR. A. LUCAS, Judical Commissioner in Sind, left Karachi on Thursday for Bombay and Europe on retirement from the Indian Civil Service.

GUJARATI SAHITYA PARISHAD EXHIBITION.

It has been decided to hold a historical and literary Exhibition in connection with the third Parishad (Literary Association). This Exhibition should be, it is thought, in three sections. First section, old inscriptions, copperplates, seals, coins, and their rubbings, photographs, etc. Second section, old deeds, firmans, account-books, letters, manuscript books, printed Gujarati books which have become rare, and autographs and other memorials of the authors and famous men and women of Gujarat and Kathiawad. The Exhibits in these two sections will be taken every care of, and will be safely returned to their respective owners at the end of the Exhibition. Third section, printed Gujarati books complete files of newspapers monthlies, etc. etc., Living authors, heirs of deceased authors, proprietors of newspapers, monthlies, etc.; Governmental departments (British and in Native States), and other institutions and associations publishing Gujarati books for the love of learning; companies and printing presses following the business of publishing books:—all are hereby humbly requested to help in this public undertaking and present one copy of their respective books, newspapers, etc. The collection thus started will be kept separate under the name of the Parishad Library and until the Parishad can make proper arrangements for it, will be entrusted at the close of the Exhibition to some respectable public institution or library as trustee for the Parishad. To facilitate the work of the Exhibition, the exhibits in all the three sections should reach within fifteen days from this date.

HIGH COURT.—OCT. 1.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE DAVAR.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Testamentary Suit.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

The French Mail steamer Nore, 3,428 tons, Captain ..., Colombo arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Sydney &c. with a general cargo and passengers, and sailed on Thursday for Marseilles, with a general cargo and passengers.

The German Imst Africa Line steamer Gouverneur 2,120 tons, Captain C. Burmeister sailed on Thursday for Mangalore with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Acton, Maj. J. H. A. Annesley, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. McNally, 70 natives and 225 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Mantua, 2,935 tons, Captain C. Seddon, will sail to-day for Calcutta, via Coast ports with a general cargo and 25 deck passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S.S. Co's. steamer Koerber, 3,157 tons, Captain A. Pocrata, will sail to-day for Trieste &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 29th September, should be recognised as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCK YARD.

H M S Forte	Capt F G Bird	B Navy
R I M S Mayo	Comdr ... W R Huddlestone	R I Marine
F M S Fox	Capt J T Marshall	B Navy

In the Stream.

R I M S Investigator	Lieut Thynne in charge	Survey S
R I M S Dalhousie	Comdr F. Dobson	R I Marine
R I M S Hastings (2 Comds)	A S Balfour	R I Marine
R I M S Lawrence	Comdr A. Willcocks	R I Marine
H M S Hyacinth	Capt J D Dick	B Navy
H M S Fox	Capt A F Hunt	B Navy
H M S Palinurus	Lieut Thynne in charge	Survey S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 30.

Alavi	2324	Hill	B & P S N Co
Argentelf	3561	Volkmann	T Morrison & Co
Bulimba	1607	Butler	M M & Co
Britannia	1969	Hales	Bo & H S N Co
Banca	3794	Collyer	P & O C.
Celtic King	2589	Humphray	W & A Graham & Co
Haidari	1568	Gray	B & P S N Co
Huttra	2985	Seddon	M M & Co
Mohamud	1251	Goss	B & P S & Co
Rinaldo	2791	Pickering	J Finlay & Co
Shah Jehan	2866	Webb	B & P S N Co
Salil	1445		Bo & H S N Co
Shah Ameer	1921	Pigott	B & H S N Co
Shah Navaz	1922	Denison	B & H S N Co
Strathblane	2839	Smith	K Nixon & Co
Urlana	3881	Ross	M M & Co
Worsley Hall	2283	Jenkins	W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 30.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Chancellor	1868	Donald	N F		K Nixon & Co
C & R Nairang	2862	Cockhill	Calcutta		5-10 T Morrison & Co
D de Mayori Maru	2737	Richards	Kobe	7-10 N Y Ketchen	
F Clan Lindsay	3469	Harris	Chittagong	2-10 J Finlay & Co Ltd	
G Fiscon	2068	Watson	Jeddah	2-10 B & P S N Co	
M Courland	760		Kharghirl	G Ports 7-10 Bo S N Co Ltd	
N Dhara	941	McDiarmid	Karachi	8-10 M M & Co	
O Bern	2592	Rickers	Dunkirk	9-10 W & A G & Co	
P Ratenfels	1450	Freudenau	Hhora via Karachi	1-10 W & A Graham & Co	

H W P D

Kayari	557	Mahomed	Bengal	2-10 Bo S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Clan Graham	4247	Osborne	Liverpool 3-10 W & A Graham & Co
Clonedun	3315	Graham	Hamburg &c. 5-10 W & A Graham & Co
Herminson	2020	Balmforth	8-10 T Morrison & Co
Kosmos	3157	Smith	Trieste 1-10 A L S N Co
Shantung	3934	Henderson	Antwerp 2-10 M M & Co
13511 Devonia	4795	Rowell	Shanghai 13-10 P & O Co
13 Egypt	1178	Summers	London 8-10 P & O Co

ARRIVAL.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
30	Nora	Conbin	Sydney, Sept. 8

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
30	Cleopatra	Elton	Bussorah, &c.
	Nora	Conbin	Marseilles
	Gerrongong	Burmeister	Zanzibar, &c.

The following vessels obtained their particulars on Thursday:—

Persian Kavirat, Kavalas for Grain &c.
Mercia, Colombo for Calcutta &c.

The steamer Beyrut Maru, for Kobe &c. began to load on Thursday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Flavia and Rubattino S.N. Co's. steamer H. Rubattino from Genoa left Aden on the 28th instant, and is expected to arrive on the 5th October.

The same Co's. steamer India from Bombay arrived at Singapore on the 30th September.

The P. & O. Co's steamer Peninsular with the Homeward Mails of the 25th instant arrived at Aden 3.30 p.m. the following 30th September.

The P. & O. Co's steamer Nubia with the outward Mails of the 24th instant, passed Suez 8 p.m. on Wednesday the 29th September.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	From
28	Belle of France	Calcutta
29	Clan Graham	Cochin
27	Palamcotta	Rangoon
28	Pentakota	Bangoon
28	Norbadie	Bombay

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—30 bales wool, 11 Mitha and Co; 1,000 cwts bone meal, Scott Mody and Co; 164 bales cotton waste, and 50 bales cottonfly, F Hiram and Co; 50 bales cotton waste, T Cassoo; 4,110 cwts oilcakes, M Jaffer bhoy.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Circassia s—12 bales yarn, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Egypt s—14 bales carpets, King King and Co.

Circassia s—149 casks skins, M M Hallo; 23 bales skins, E N Cohen.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—307 casks skins, E N Cohen; 332 bales skins, C J Mathews and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Beira s—260 bales hemp, R Reeves and Co; 30,507 cwts poppyseed, and 2,002 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co; 13,000 cwts poppyseed; 1,003 cwts castorseed and 666 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 400 cwts horns, E Mahomed.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—4,000 cwts rapeseed Volkart Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hermland s—29 bales hides, Nirmundin.

Glenden s—1,037 cwts myrabolams, P Mathoowadas and Co; 6,100 cwts mowrassed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—55 bales cottonfly and 40 bales hemp, K Viram and Co; 55 bales cottonfly, N Peerbhoy; 930 cwts poppyseed, J Rahimtoola.

FOR HULL.

Rinaldo s—13,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—1 bale cotton, The Bombay Co; 55 bales cotton, F Wolf and Sons.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—91 cwts horns G Suchedina; 91 cwts horns J Rahimtoola

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia s—15,265 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 100 bales hemp, R Reeves and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Moyori Maru s—1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 1,000 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Moyori Maru s—700 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Moyori Maru s—300 bales cotton, E D Master and Co.

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Electrical Engineers and Contractors,

BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1909.

THE GOVERNOR ON AGRICULTURE.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, at the opening of the Agricultural Conference, at Poona on Wednesday, delivered an eminently practical inaugural speech, which we hope may be translated into the vernacular and distributed among the people to whom, beyond the Council Hall, it was addressed. His Excellency spoke to the agriculturists generally, the man who is primarily to blame for scanty crops and for short ages and who cannot, or will not, cultivate his land in such a manner as to obtain from it such crop as he might even in favourable seasons. Ignorance, of course, is the explanation and it was with the view of dispelling this ignorance and leading him to a more intelligent understanding of the necessity for careful cultivation that the Governor delivered his homily on Wednesday. Methods are antiquated and inadequate, even where the conditions of rainfall and of irrigation are favourable—for these reasons the greatest of industries is backward in many respects. These are well-known truths, as are various other observations made by His Excellency, but it is doubtful if they have ever been more pithily or lucidly presented. As Sir George Clarke remarked, production here is not what it might become, and waste in many forms is rampant in many places. Government by its establishment of the Agricultural Department and by the inauguration of associations, is doing as much as can be expected of it to improve methods, to prevent waste and to encourage these efforts by providing an adequate supply of good seeds. A fact ever to be borne in mind in this country is that the provision of an adequate food supply is a primary condition of the existence of mankind, and the great growth and population in India which has accompanied the British rule and which is still proceeding, entails more and more demands upon the land. Two hundred and ninety millions of people in this country must be fed and the food supply will have to be increased as the years go on. This is a fact which the agriculturist—except in a few rare cases—does not appreciate, and it never occurs to him that a point may be reached at which the growth of other staples will have to be checked unless the production of the necessities of life can be increased.

Agriculturists were warned that this may become a problem for the whole world before another century has passed, for it is doubtful if the food-supply is keeping pace with the steady growth of population and an unfortunate coincidence of bad crops in many localities would already create a serious shortage. If India had the experience of England and Germany and were unable to grow her own food supply the consequences cannot be estimated. Yet little private effort is put forth either to extend or improve agriculture. As His Excellency observed the old saying that the greatest of benefactors is the man who can make two blades of grass grow where one grew before, applies with peculiar force to India and the best service which could be rendered the country at the present time is to increase agricultural production. The average wheat product of England as was pointed out, is 32 bushels per acre; whereas in the Bombay Presidency it is 21 bushels on irrigated and eight bushels on unirrigated land. Then again we were shown that in parts of the Deccan weeds run riot in the fields and the cultivator may be seen sowing his crop among them. There are even places where the land has been abandoned to weeds which grow strongest in the soil and cultivation is thus driven to soil of inferior quality. Even in a year of good rainfall like the present, the aggregate production will not approach what is possible. The tillage of the land is insufficient and the selection of seed is not understood. The uses of manure are little appreciated and night-soil which is a source of large profit to the Japanese is unutilised. His Excellency's indictment of the ryot did not end here, for he told them that even the breeding of stock they mainly left to chance, with the necessary result of deterioration and waste.

To do something to help the cultivator, after teaching him to see the error of his ways, is the object of the conference Sir George Clarke opened. It is the earnest desire of Government that the cultivators of this country shall know something of and benefit by the progress which has been made in western countries. Educational, experimental and demonstrational work has been begun, but it is a difficult matter to advance while the cultivators themselves remain indifferent. The operations of the Agricultural Department are proceeding on sound practical lines and may achieve much good if ryots will but appreciate the assistance which is now held out to them. And if they will further adopt the advice and act upon the suggestions offered them as to the improvement of their methods, both they and the country would reap material benefit. In order to give the cultivator a clear idea of the value of his produce, the Governor gave some figures as to the amount paid to India for new crops, putting the sum at seventy-three millions sterling. It may be, he said, in short it is the fact, that the agriculturist does not realise this important aspect of agriculture, from which the Deccan does not largely profit, but it needs no imagination to grasp the fact that the realisation of nearly seventy-three millions sterling in an indifferent year must have had an immensely beneficial effect upon the economics of India as a whole. His Excellency repudiated the assertion that Government sought to discourage other industries. Much, he observed, has been written about the need for the promotion in industries which, it has been stated, Government desires to check. "I need not tell you that such statements are baseless. Government is doing all it can to encourage industries, but if I have made my meaning clear you will understand that a sudden expansion of manufacturing industries on a large scale would be disadvantageous. There is already a shortage of labour in some localities and the population of this Presidency is not at present capable of supplying a large additional surplus to work in factories without depleting the numbers required for the first necessities of agriculture and for great public works. The main point to remember is that the food supply must be maintained and will have to be increased. And that is what the agriculturists in this Presidency will have to realise, and it is essential that they shall rise to the occasion.

A BOMBAY MARATHI MISSION.

THE Bombay Wesleyan Marathi Mission and Orphanage entered its new headquarters at Parel a year ago, and has now issued its first report since taking that important step in its history. The report, from which we quote below, is full of gratification at work achieved, and hope and encouragement for the future. But while the new premises are described as the only real home of which the Mission has had, a good deal of dissatisfaction is expressed at the old building which is now in use as an Orphanage. Last year the building was infected with plague, and the death of one of the lay workers was the result. A compound of the Government Laboratory was temporarily occupied, but since the return of the inmates it is feared that the insanitary condition of the bungalow has been responsible for persistent sickness. If these suspicions are well-founded, there must be no delay in taking remedial measures. It is evidently the duty of the Wesleyan community at once to take steps to provide a suitable building and in the meantime the attention of the Health Department should be drawn to the matter. As to the excellent character of the work which the Mission is conducting, the report may be allowed to speak for itself. "The best report we can present," says the Committee "of the year's operations, is to give the judgment of others. We have made it our business to take over our work missionaries from other fields and in one or two cases we have been favoured by the expert opinion of missionaries of many years' standing. It will give pleasure to all our supporters to know that without exception, the judgment of these able men has been one of unqualified approval of the methods employed. After preaching to our Marathi congregation and viewing the work at closest quarters, these missionaries have come away with words of generous and unstinted praise. Cross-examination has resulted in each case in the statement that they know of no more stable work anywhere. And they have spoken in glowing terms of our Marathi Minister and his worth. We should like to add to this testimony our own estimate. It has been our privilege to know intimately some of the best men in our English Ministry and to enjoy colleagueship with them, but we have met none whose spirit is more worthy of so high a calling or whose work is more abiding than are the life and toil of our Marathi Pastor. And we have every reason for asserting, having gone into the question, that our Marathi Mission will challenge comparison with any other Mission in this great City of Bombay, both for number of baptisms in recent years and for the lastingness of the results. Give the Mission and its workers what every visiting missionary has said they ought to have, viz., larger means and, therefore, a better opportunity, and we shall then have a tale to tell of mighty inroads made upon the mass of heathenism represented by Bombay's million souls." This appeal for funds we may heartily endorse as one which is deservedly made on behalf of a work of genuine utility. The Mission is considerably in debt, and as we have pointed out it is urgently necessary that new accommodation should be found for the Orphanage.

RUBBER PROSPECTS.

RUBBER growers in the East are optimistic as to the near future, and this is not difficult to account for. Despite the enormous amount of planting that has taken place, the price of rubber is high, higher, indeed, than ever before. But it will be well for plantation owners to look matters squarely in the face and to realise that there is a keen fight coming between West and East. For the year ended June 30, 1900, the shipments from Brazil amounted to 27,600 tons. The increased annual consumption in 1904 was 3,000 tons, but the consumption for the past year was 8,000 tons more than in 1904. Statistics show an ever-increasing demand, which would undoubtedly be much greater and more rapid if the supply were sufficient to keep the price at a figure low enough to make it commercially practicable to use rubber for many of the additional purposes for which it is suitable. However, it may be assumed that with the additional supply from the East the consumption of the best quality of rubber will, at the end of the next five years, be very much greater than at the present time. It is confidently expected that in five years' time the total production of Para rubber throughout the world will be about seventy-five thousand tons, which is about three thousand tons more than the present total consumption of all grades, while the present yearly consumption of Para rubber is only about forty thousand tons. There is, therefore, a very large quantity of lower grade rubber used and this is bound to be so as long as prices rule high. It is stated, with good reason, that while the high prices benefit actually producing plantations, in the end they may have disastrous effects. The reasons given are that at present no one cares even to experiment in new uses for rubber, but, on the other hand, all efforts are devoted to finding substitutes and in discovering ways and means of extending the use of the lower grades of rubber. Synthetic rubber is a bogey which will not frighten any rubber planter, but it must be admitted that the present methods of utilising cheap rubber are far in advance of those of a few years ago. All this will tend to maintain the cheaper grades in the market at the expense of plantation rubber. When, however, the market has settled there is no reason why the price should not fall, and there are those who predict that the ultimate price will be nearer half a crown than the present six shillings. When this has happened only the most careful management will allow of the payment of dividends and those companies which rushed into existence a few years ago in more or less unsuitable localities will probably disappear, though for the sound concerns there seems to be no chance of any falling off in the demand whatever be the price.

MORE TROUBLE IN THE COAL TRADE.

SERIOUS trouble is brewing again in the British coal trade. The latest outbreak is in South Wales, where the recent settlement seems to have had very short-lived effect. In many quarters changes consequent upon the Eight Hours' Act have been peacefully made, but throughout the greater part of the coal-field there has been increasing friction. Recently, according to mail advices, there have been repeated threats of a stoppage and trade has suffered in consequence. The nominal cause of the dispute is a new afterdoon shift, for which the miners claim an extra day's pay per week as a bonus, but there is a general impression, that this has merely been taken as a pretext to force the owners to concede a new agreement. The owners, disgusted seemingly with this futile result of the recent lengthy negotiations, are disinclined for discussion and the drastic measure of a general lock-out commencing at the end of October has been seriously considered. There has been a strong body of opinion in favour of a lock-out during the winter, as being likely to prove of shorter duration than if it were deferred to the spring. The men, of course, respond with the threat of a general coal strike, but this has been used so often and always without result, that little notice need be paid to it. The Federation are too wary to saddle themselves with so big a financial responsibility. But in South Wales itself the position is grave and apparently only some modification of the miners' demands will solve the difficulty peacefully. The owners seem minded to have done with bickering and will need little to tempt them to hard measures.

DURING the week ending 28th September, 85 chests of opium were removed from warehouse in Bombay and 2 were imported from Indore. Of the removals 59 were shipped to China and the rest were sold to farmers as follows: Poona 5, Cambay 3, Ahmednagar 10, Broach 6, Palanpur 1, and Nasik 2.

THE Railway Board have addressed the North-Western, Oudh and Rohilkhand, Great Indian Peninsula and East Indian Railways with a view to their co-operating in the desire of the Military Authorities to extend the experiment of providing hammocks in railway carriages for the comfort of British troops proceeding on long journeys by train.

IN the Punjab the year 1908-09 is reported to have been one of unprecedented all-round prosperity. The crops were well above the average, enabling cultivators to sell their surplus produce at rates some 50 per cent in excess of the prevailing rates of past years. What is satisfactory too is that from the largest to the smallest land-owners, all have profited by the bountiful year, though the largest landholders gained most. Tenants and labourers are also said to have been participators in the general abundance of the year.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

TWO ROYAL MARRIAGES.

[FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 10.

CAN any good be done towards any cause by such behaviour as the following. Three suffragists invaded the privacy of the Prime Minister's week-end at Hythe, on Sunday, and repeatedly spoke to Mr. Asquith, eventually breaking the windows of Lympne Castle, where he was staying with his family. The wall surrounding the castle was scaled by the women who afterwards succeeded in getting away. Mr. Herbert Gladstone, who was with the Prime Minister on the golf links at Littlestone-on-Sea, in the afternoon, was also addressed by the women, and according to their statement, a scuffle ensued. Every self-respecting woman must be ashamed of such rowdyism. How would such women behave if they had a vote?

THE KING.

His Majesty returned to London on Saturday looking extremely well, after a stay of nearly a month at Marienbad. His Majesty left London on Monday for Rufford Abbey to be the guest of Lord and Lady Savile for Doncaster Races, which he attended two days and duly, dreary cold days they were. On the third day the King made motor excursions to places of interest in the Dukeries.

FASHIONS AT DONCASTER.

On Friday the weather was sufficiently fine and warm to permit of summery toilettes being worn, but, strange to say, few availed themselves of the opportunity, fearing, possibly, a sudden return of the cold wind and rain. However, several very charming dresses and hats were to be seen, and on the whole they were lighter in colour if not in weight. Shantung and tussore, especially the natural-toned tussore, made their appearance again, and one or two ladies donned satin-faced foulards, but as a rule faced cloths, thin friezes, and serges were the popular wear. Some new colours were noticeable. A pinkish mauve shade of frieze looked well, and was a change from the somewhat old-fashioned Parma violet. Prune coloured serges found many wearers, and these materials did not appear so profusely braided as they were in the spring. Simplicity of life seems to be the craze of the moment; but it would be impossible to suggest how long this condition of affairs will last.

The Parisian modistes are this autumn introducing all kinds of novel blending of material. For instance, a very smart American woman was wearing a very short-kilted skirt of blue serge, with a tunic draped à lavanas with black chiffon—of all materials in the world! This was said to be the very latest "cri" from La Ville Lumiere. The effect was striking and original, but it is not likely to be generally adopted by Englishwomen, who are always rather timid of appearing in anything very uncommon. Another fashion noted is far more likely to have a vogue—plain skirts cut so short that the ankles of the wearer were seen. The feet very shapely ones, be it said, were enclosed in black silk stockings and patent leather shoes. The hat worn with this Parisian walking costume was composed of some rough almond-coloured felt, the brim being turned up on one side and lined with black panne, while a long black osprey was coquettishly displayed.

Nearly all the hats worn were trimmed with dyed quills' wings or less else brush ospreys. There is no other name for them. Flowers are no longer fashionable, but fur played its part on more than one toque. The fashionable hats at the present time are either white trimmed with black, or black trimmed with white, and the effect is a trifle monotonous. The crowns are very low, but the brims are broad, and the modest hatpin seems to be made of crystal, amethyst or pink shade.

A PRINCE'S MARRIAGE.

It is an unusual occurrence for a Portuguese Prince to be married in the Highlands of Scotland. On the 15th instant, Dom Miguel of Braganza is to wed Miss Anita Stewart, daughter of Mrs. Henry Vane Smith, the tenant of Tulloch Castle, Ross-shire, and who inherited a large portion of the vast wealth left by "Chicago Smith," the millionaire. The marriage banns have been "called" by the parish priest, and the chapel, quite an inconspicuous building, is in the hands of decorators, being prepared for the wedding.

The bride was taken out last season by her mother, who took the Duke of Somerset's house in Grosvenor-square for the purpose. Mr. Smith died very suddenly on board Mr. Drexel's yacht, the "Margherita," when on his honeymoon, somewhere off Japan, Miss Stewart is Mrs. Smith's only child by a previous marriage. Her mother is a sister of Mrs. Anthony Drexel, whose new house in Grosvenor-square was opened last year for entertaining.

Prince Miguel Duke of Braganza is 31, having been born in Lower Austria on September 22, 1878. He is the eldest of three children, two sons and one daughter of the Duke of Braganza by his first marriage with Elizabeth, Princess of Thurn and Taxis, Dingwall, where the wedding is to take place, is a little grey town in Ross-shire, with a population of between 2,000 and 3,000.

WATERLOO RELICS.

Many people will be sorry to hear that the popular Hotel and Museum at Waterloo, kept by an English woman whose grandfather fought on the famous field, are to be sold. On going from Brussels to visit the battlefield this museum was always visited and an exceedingly pleasant and well informed lady showed over the treasures.

SMALL MEANS.

It is generally understood that one can live abroad much cheaper and more pleasantly than in England, but the woman who elects to live abroad in this modest way must be prepare to resign herself to do without many things that English people consider essential to comfort. She will, however, find compensation for her bare rooms and her lack of English society, in the fact that she is free to follow the sun and to rejoice in open-air life. The woman, for instance, who is at present enjoying life in Venice, will take flight when the early October rains begin to fall, and she will settle for the winter in one of the smaller towns on the Italian Riviera, where November fogs are unknown. Early spring will find her off to the vicinity of Rome or Florence, or to the neighbourhood of some German town, where concerts and theatres are sufficient attraction until the call of Switzerland draws her to the mountains. The woman who has acquired this habit of foreign travel has great difficulty in setting to anything like routine life, and she rarely reconciles herself to the necessity of enduring an English winter. She escapes the rigours of climate by the expedient of travel. Like the birds, she follows the sun. Ladies who have lived for years in the daintiest of flats, in Italian or Swiss towns, whose names the uninitiated never hear, declare that the pleasures of being abroad are just doubled when no word of English is heard for months. To live in sunshine, to have a garden with flowers, to enjoy abundant fruit and vegetables, while leaving simply and very cheaply, is a joy to many who would find themselves compelled to reside in the narrowest of streets in London or in a provincial small town.

RAIN AND MATRIMONY.

This amusing little tale of love is going the round of the press and is worth reproducing. One more disaster is to be assigned to the tearful character of this summer. It is announced that a young woman in Munich is bringing an action for breach of promise against a man who had engaged to be her bridegroom this summer. His reason for breaking the match is that there has been no summer to count.

A ROYAL ROMANCE.

The greatest interest has been created in London by the latest Royal romance. Prince Herbert, eldest son of Prince William of Saxe-Weimar, married on September 2nd at the Registry Office, Hanover Square, a merchant's daughter, Miss Paola Lotter, daughter of a [illegible] in the merchant service, who [illegible] in the chorus of the "Merry Widow" [illegible]. The family of Saxe Weimar are related to King Edward, for the late Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar was a cousin of Queen Victoria.

TRAGEDY.

Much sympathy is felt for the young widow of Lord de Clifford who was killed whilst out motoring, and the baby Peer who succeeds to his father's title at the tender age of two and a half years. The marriage of Lady de Clifford, who is now barely more than twenty-two, was a romantic one. She was the "Belle of the Season" and to [illegible] the late Lord de Clifford. Her real name was Miss Chandler and her father was [illegible] to Colonel Burnaby.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

MR O C G Hayter, Fourth Grade Superintendent of Police, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 21st September.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., has passed the Lower Standard Departmental Examination.

Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., has passed the examination in Gujarati according to the Higher Standard on 15th September.

Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., has passed the Lower Standard Departmental Examination.

Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Kaira.

Mr. R. B. Ewbank, B.A., I.C.S., passed the examination in Hindustani on 14th September.

The Reverend Canon J. H. Bell, M.A., Senior Chaplain, Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been granted a further extension of furlough for six months on medical certificate.

Vice Lieutenant-Colonel R J Blaker, M.A., M.D., I.M.S., retired (12th August 1909)—Lieutenant-Colonel B B Grayfoot, M.D., I.M.S., to be First Class Civil Surgeon at Karachi. Major S H Barnett, M.B., C.M., I.M.S., to be confirmed as Presidency Surgeon, Second District, Bombay, with attached duties.

Captain C J Coppinger, M.B., I.M.S. to be Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, in addition to his military duties, vice Major S B Jameson, M.B., I.M.S., pending further orders.

On return from leave, Mr. A. F. Spearing, I.C.S., is transferred from the Northern to the Central Division.

On return from leave, Mr. W. L. J. Francis, B.A. (Dublin), is posted to the Indian Civil Service Branch, Division.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed Assistant Engineers and are posted as follows:—Bombay.—Mr. R. A. Nicholson, Mr. R. Gordon, Mr. H. W. O. Taylor and Mr. E. P. Watson.

On return from leave Mr. T. Southcombe, D. Sc., M.Inst.C.E., is placed on Special Duty in connection with the Rohri-Hyderabad Project.

On relief by Dr. Summers, Mr. C. J. Goldie is appointed Executive Engineer, Sukkur Irrigation District.

On relief by Mr. Gebbie, Mr. [illegible] is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Nira Canals District.

Mr. H. Wray is permitted to apply to retire six months before the expiry of the leave granted him or posted to the East Khandesh District.

Mr. C. A. Kincaid, I.C.S., Judge and Sessions Judge, Poona, and Agent for [illegible] is granted such privilege leave as may be due to him on the 5th October, in combination with furlough for such period as may [illegible] and period of absence up to eleven months.

Mr. A. R. Cama, I.C.S., Assistant Collector, Kaira, is granted privilege leave for [illegible] months.

Mr. D. R. S. Bourke, Assistant Conservator of Forests, and Divisional Forest Officer, Satara, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months with effect from 1st October or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., passed with credit on examination in Kanarese according to the High Standard on 14th September.

Mr. W. O. Alcock, B.A., I.C.S., passed with credit an examination in Marathi according to the Higher Standard on 15th September.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The following telegram has been sent to H. E. the Viceroy by the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay in connection with the Transvaal Mahomedans:—From the Curimbhai Ebrahim, President A. M. Kazi and Jaffer Rahimtulla, Honorary Secretaries, Anjuman-i-Islam Bombay, to the Private Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy.

"We have been requested by the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay to address you to request H.E. the Viceroy to be good enough to wire to the Transvaal authorities for giving facilities for the observance of religious duties during the holy month of Ramzan to the Mahomedan prisoners in the Transvaal jails. We have no doubt the H. E. the Viceroy will oblige the Mussalman community by this act of kindness and consideration."

THE KORAN IN MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS.

The following letter has been received from Government with regard to the continuance of the study of the Koran in Urdu Schools:—

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 25th September 1909.

From L. Robertson, Esquire, I.C.S., Acting Secretary to Government.

To Khan Saheb Kazi Mahomed Ali Murtaza, Chief Kazi of Bombay.

Sir,—With reference to your letter, dated 12th July, 1909, to the address of the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, submitting a resolution passed at a public meeting of the Mahomedans of Bombay held on the 11th idem, I am directed to state that there is no proposal before Government which would have the effect of excluding the teaching of the Koran from Municipal Urdu Schools in Bombay and that there is no intention of taking such a step.—I have etc.,

(Sd.) L. ROBERTSON,

Acting Secretary to Government.

CAPTAIN R. C. WARR, of the Commander "Campania," has just saved [illegible] being deported from America, according to a New York message to the "New York Herald" (Paris edition). The Captain's sister, Mrs. Anne Hurst, arrived at New York on the steamer "Zeeland" from Dover [illegible] passenger, with her children. Mrs. Hurst had £100 with her, but the immigration officers at Ellis Island ordered her to be deported on the ground that her eldest child has a crippled hand. The family were put back on the "Zeeland" for deportation, but the "Campania" arrived in New York two hours later, and Captain Warr, being told of what had happened at once went to Ellis Island and undertook to support his sister, if necessary. The immigration officials then reluctantly allowed Mrs. Hurst and her family to land.

THE FIGHT ON THE BUDGET.

TARIFF REFORM AND OLD AGE PENSIONS.

Mr. Balfour on Electioneering Methods.

DUTIES ON MINING ROYALTIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

A correspondent has called Mr. Balfour's attention to the Radical statement, that Tariff Reform would mean the abolition of Old Age Pensions.

Mr. Balfour replied that no Party or Government would violate the obligation to pay the pensions. They might as well repudiate the National Debt. He condemned the degraded electioneering methods which were comparable to the Chinese Labour falsehoods.

The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the Clause imposing a duty on mineral royalties.

THE RIFF CAMPAIGN.

Mount Gurugu Captured.

ENTHUSIASM IN MADRID.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 29.

The Spaniards have now occupied the whole of Mount Gurugu, planting the flag on the topmost peak amid wild enthusiasm. Jubilations are taking place in Madrid.

The Powers have unanimously replied to Mulai Hafid's Note, asking for intervention against Spain, that the settlement of all the questions raised is exclusively a matter between Morocco and Spain.

THE PROBABILITIES OF DISSOLUTION.

Significance of Lord Rosebery's Visit to the King.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

Political gossip is veering round in favour of the Lords passing the Budget, though the liquor trade is pressing for its rejection. The city circles urge its acceptance, fearing financial disturbance. Nevertheless belief in the coming dissolution is undiminished.

Conservatives declare that Government is determined to seize the supposed favourable opportunity, while Radicals assert that the Lords will force a dissolution by wrecking the Housing and Irish Land Bills.

Importance is attached to Lord Rosebery's visit to Balmoral on 24th September.

LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR.

Noisy Bigotry at the Guildhall.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 29.

Sir John Knill, a Catholic, has been elected Lord Mayor of London for the coming year. A scene took place in the Guildhall to-day at the election, and shouts of "No Popery" were raised.

Replying to a question, Sir John Knill undertook on all occasions of ceremonial not to put the Pope before the King.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

Debate in the Lords.

A LIFE AND DEATH PROBLEM.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

The House of Lords has passed the second reading of the Irish Land Bill. Lord Curzon described the measure as another instalment of Socialism, and hoped the Lords would amend it unfalteringly and undeterred by threats.

Lord Macdonnell, while criticising the Bill, said he was profoundly disappointed at the speech of Lord Curzon, who failed to appreciate the feelings of those to whom the end of the land war was a matter of life and death.

BISHOP OF RANGOON RESIGNS.

Effect of Ill-health.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Bishop of Rangoon has resigned owing to ill-health. He has accepted the Wardenship of St. Augustine's Missionary College at Canterbury.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION.

Mansion House Fund for Capt. Scott.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 29.

A Mansion House Fund is being opened in aid of Captain Scott's expedition to the Antarctic next August.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

Jockey Club Stakes.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

The race for the Jockey Club Stakes was run at New Market this afternoon with the following result :—

Phaleron	1
Carlowitz	2
Primer	3

Ten ran. The race was won by a head, with three-quarters of a length between the second and third.

Betting at the start was :—

7 to 2 against Phaleron.
7 to 1 against Carlowitz.
6 to 1 against Primer.

THE HUDSON TERCENTENARY.

Aviation Display.

DELEGATES ENTERTAINED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

In connection with the Hudson Tercentenary celebrations at New York, Mr. Wilbur Wright yesterday, made a spectacular flight over the harbour, encircling the statue of Liberty.

During a race between two dirigible balloons from New York to Albany, one fell into a river. The occupant was rescued.

LATER.

A telegram from New York states that the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission entertained the delegates at a banquet last night. The function was a brilliant one ; 2,500 guests were present.

The speakers included Prince Kuni and Admiral Seymour who was warmly applauded for declaring that Britain's increase in the navy meant only peace.

The international boat race in connection with the celebrations was won by the crew of American battleship "Minnesota" the German cruiser "Victoria Luise," was second, the Italian vessel "Etruria," third, an American cutter fourth, and British cruiser "Dark" fifth.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD COMPANY.

Profit Shown.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

The North German Lloyd shows a profit on the first half of this year of a quarter million sterling against the loss of £350,000 sterling for the corresponding period of 1908.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

Largest Dreadnought Launched.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Duchess of Albany, to-day, launched at Portsmouth the improved Dreadnought, the "Neptune," which is the largest battleship built or building.

THE MUSSOORIE MURDER.

Allen Committed for Trial.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Mussoorie murder case re-opened on Tuesday when further evidence was taken after which Mr. Dalliwal, Counsel for the prisoner, addressed the Court, urging that no direct evidence against the prisoner having been produced the Court should find that a *prima facie* case had not been established.

Judgment was reserved. The prisoner was taken to Rajpore to-day where Mrs Chapman's evidence will be taken, that lady being too ill to go to Mussoorie, after which he will be lodged in the Dehra Jail, both sides consenting to this measure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPTEMBER 30.

Corporal Allen, Middlesex Regiment, has been committed by the Magistrate at Mussoorie to the Allahabad High Court on a charge of murdering Mr. Clapp, a chemist assistant. The statement of Chemical Examiner shows four out of nine marks on the prisoner's shirt to be bloodstains. Allen has reserved his defence.

PUNJAB DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS.

The Half-Yearly Tests.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 30.

It is notified that the next half early examinations for Assistant Commissioners, Probationary Extra Assistant Commissioners, candidates for the post of Extra Assistant Commissioners Cantonment Magistrates, and Assistant Cantonment Magistrates, Punjab, also for Military Officers who have been selected for employment in the Political Department of the Government of India will be held in Lahore on 1st November next.

The half-yearly colloquial examination in Punjabi for medical officers will be held at Lahore on 6th November.

VIOLENT ASSAULT ON POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 30.

A Faridpur telegram to the *Bengalee*, says:—A Mahomedan Sub-Inspector and two Constables went to arrest a Namasudra thief near Orkandi and were furiously attacked by the Namasudras, both the Constables being dangerously wounded and a boatman killed. The Constables are in the Orkandi Hospital.

A Comilla telegram to the same paper says that application has been made to the District Judge to transfer a miscellaneous case from the file of Bakalal Biswas to that of any other Munsiff, as the applicant, a talukdar, alleges that Bakalal abused him. Notice has also been served on Bakalal claiming Rs. 2,000 damages.

TAXATION IN SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 30.

Papers are published upon the question raised by the Simla House Owners' Association on the subject of taxation by the Municipality of the gross instead of the net rentals, and the opinions obtained from the Legal Remembrancer of the Punjab and the Avocate General of Bengal are quoted in full. Both of these authorities support the view taken by the Simla Municipality, namely that the Municipality do not possess the power to make the concession of assessing the tax, as the House Owners' Association urged they should do, on the annual value less the amount of the tax.

THE question of the control and regulation of the petroleum mining industry in Upper Burma with special reference to the prevention of fire which was investigated by a Committee under Sir Thomas Holland last year has now advanced another stage and it is understood that draft regulations have been prepared and are under the consideration of the Government of India.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO COIMBATORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Governor accompanied by the Hon'ble Mr. Hammick, C.S.I., C.I.E., Second Member of Council, Mr. H. A. B. Vernon, I.C.S., Private Secretary, and Captain Burgess, I.M.S., motored yesterday from Ootacamund to Coimbotore and stayed at the Resthouse in the Agricultural College.

On arrival His Excellency was met by Mr. H. T. Reilly, Acting Collector, Captain Tucker, I.M.S., Medical Officer, Messrs. Shepperson, Barber and Harrison, of the College Staff.

This morning Sir Arthur Lawley visited the health Camp to see the plague arrangements at Podanur. This afternoon he inspected the new Agriculturtural College and the Research Institute.

POST OFFICE CHANGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 30.

The following changes in the Post Office are pending :—

Mr. Hannyngton, Postmaster-General, United Provinces, proceeds on thirteen months' leave from the 1st November, Mr. Clarke from leave relieving him; Mr. Van Someren, officiating Postmaster-General, Bengal, reverts to be Inspector-General of Sorting, Western Circle, Mr. H. A. Sams relieving him ; Mr. Doran relieves Mr. Maxwell at Bombay next spring when Mr. Maxwell is likely to be posted to Simla, relieving Mr. Harrison who may then get the Ootacamund appointment.

DISHONEST POSTAL SERVANT.

Sentenced to Three Years.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Sessions Judge of Allahabad, has sentenced Chakarvarti of the Railway Mail service sorter to three years' rigorous imprisonment for the theft of two registered covers containing currency notes which disappeared from his custody between Allahabad and Cawnpore.

SIR JOHN HEWETT ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 30.

Sir John Hewett intends making an extensive tour in Garhwal. He leaves Naini Tal for Dehra Dun to-day. While in Tehri His Honour will pay a State visit to the Raja, where the Commissioner of the Division will join him. Sir John Hewett will then proceed to Mussoorie where he will spend a few days, returning to Lucknow about the 18th of November.

BANHOR FACTORY CASE.

Complainants Held to be Aggressors.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHIRIA SERAI, SEPTEMBER 30.

Judgment was delivered to-day in the case where Messrs. T. D. Oman, E. C. Oman and W. W. Oman were charged under Sections 147 and 324 I. P. C., for causing grievous hurt to certain servants of the Banhor Factory with revolver and guns. The Court held complainants were aggressors and acquitted accused on the ground that they were entitled to use the force necessary to prevent complainants from injuring their crops.

THE INDIAN CONGRESS.

Sir P. Mehta Accepts Presidentship.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 30.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta has accepted the presidentship of the Congress and the date for the session of the Indian National Congress is fixed for the 27th, 28th and 29th December next.

In connection with the election of the Hon'ble Mr. Harkishenlal, as Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Industrial Conference, it is understood that the final decision in the matter has not yet been arrived at.

ALIPORE CASE APPEALS.

Mr. Norton Leaves for Europe.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 30.

Mr. Norton was able to make such progress in his arguments in the Alipore Bomb case appeals yesterday that after lunch he announced that he would leave the remainder of the case in the hands of his junior, Mr. Stokes, and intended leaving for Europe that evening.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 30.

The total number of plague deaths in all India, last week, was 3,595, the Central Provinces and Berar reporting 963 ; the Bombay Presidency 938 ; Rajputana and Ajmer-Merwara, 402; the Mysore State, 243; Central India, 219 ; the United Provinces, 418; the Punjab 181 ; Madras, 155 ; Bengal, 43 ; Burma, 18 ; Hyderabad, 14 ; and Kashmir 1.

IT is understood that the long discussed scheme for the amalgamation of the Telegraph and Postal Accounts under an Accountant-General who would take the place of the existing dual control under an Examiner of Telegraph Accounts and a controller of Postal Accounts is now likely to materialise.

THE regulations for the conduct of the elections for new Provincial Legislative Councils under the Reform Scheme have all been satisfactorily settled by the Government of India in consultation with the officers who been sent up from the various provinces on special duty to attend to this matter but they have still to be submitted to London to receive the final sanction of the Secretary of State before they can be promulgated or put into operation. This can all be done by telegram however and as no hitch has occurred there seems every reason to hope that it will be possible to bring the new India Councils Act into operation by about the middle of November next, after which two months should suffice for holding the provincial elections which would enable the Imperial Council to meet in February.

POONA AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.

Speech by Mr. Mallison.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 30.

THE Agricultural Conference met for the second time at the Council Hall to-day, when the attendance was not so good as it was on the previous day though many Native Chiefs and Sirdars were present. The Hon'ble Sir John Muir Mackenzie presided and he was supported on the dais by Mr. Mallison, Director-General of Agriculture in India, and Mr. Keatinge, Director of Agriculture, Bombay, Sir John Muir Mackenzie, having introduced Mr. Mallison, the latter said:—

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen. Judging from the valuable discussion which took place yesterday you are chiefly here to criticise the work of the Bombay Agricultural Department. I am here to listen to your words of wisdom and help in applying them as far as possible in other parts of India in this Presidency. I am on very familiar ground. I know the agricultural conditions fairly thoroughly as I had to learn them during my 14 year's service in Bombay and try to apply the knowledge gained in the most practical way. In this connection I had during my earlier years of service to overcome many obstacles which it is unnecessary to particularize. I may, however, say that had I foreseen the extent of these obstacles as I should never have come to India at all. Circumstances have very much improved since I have referred to the necessity of studying Indian agricultural conditions. They defer essentially from those in Western countries. The experience gained in these countries cannot always or even often be applied in India. Therefore it is incumbent on every one employed in the Department to get to know Indian conditions as thoroughly as possible. I have been living on the land, I have been devoted to my profession from my early school days, yet I am not at all ashamed to say that I have learnt a good deal more in India than I have taught in Bombay. I worked under four civilian Directors of Agriculture. I had the greatest respect for each, none of them interfered with the technicalties of my work, they took no personal credit for any piece of useful work which I accomplished and had great influence with Government in obtaining grants for special requirements. The late Mr. Ozanne was my first Director. He was the father of the real agricultural improvement in Bombay. Many of you must remember his great enthusiasm at work. Another of your Directors was your present chairman, you all know the magnificent help he has given to agricultural improvements in this Presidency both as Director of Agriculture and as the Revenue Member under the Bombay Government. I have referred to my experience under the Directors in Bombay, because there is a suspicion in certain quarters that such men are not the best men for the work. At this stage I do not agree with this. I congratulate Bombay in having a very able Director in Mr. Keatinge. I know that agricultural improvement in Bombay has made greater progress in recent years than in any other province. There are various reasons. In my time in order to place before the people anything that was proved experimentally of value it was necessary to enlist the sympathy of the Revenue Service from the Commissioner downwards. That influence will always be of great value, and I strongly advise the officers and assistants of the Department not to neglect it. A strong leavening of agriculturally-trained men in the Revenue Service will materially help the work of the Department. As shown in Mr Keatinge's report, the establishment of experimental farms, demonstrations, areas of improved methods etc. have led to great results. The reason is that the work has been directed by competent men and largely controlled by Indian assistants thoroughly trained in the service and the practice of agriculture. In the field and in the laboratory the accuracy of every item of work done by the Department must depend upon the trusty supervision of the Indian assistants. The term of service for these men must, therefore, be such that the right sort of men are not only attracted to the Department but are kept in it. The initial rate of pay does not matter very much, provided the men know definitely what they can rise to at the end of their service. The present cry is for more of these men. They are not available. They have to be produced. The students which we most particularly desire are young men with brilliant natural abilities who have been brought up on the land and who have managed somehow to acquire a good general education. These young men are mostly so poor that they cannot afford the cost of advanced education in agriculture. I appeal, therefore, to Native Chiefs and other Indian gentlemen to help the cause of agricultural improvement, by providing substantially endowed scholarships, to help to educate at provincial colleges and at Pusa students of that class which we most desire. It is now unnecessary to send Indian students to the mother countries to obtain the highest education in agricultural science—the work of the Department, whether it is in the form of agricultural education, in establishing experiment farms, demonstrating plots and the like, should have one main issue in view, viz., to reach the ryot and improve his material prosperity.

The Chief of Ichalkaranji and several others spoke in regard to the cultivation of crops.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Palegoakar proposed the following resolutions which were put to the Conference and carried.

(1.) That this Conference resolved to invite the attention of the Presidents of the District and Taluka Local Boards to their powers and obligations to provide funds for agricultural education and development.

(2.) That in the opinion of this Conference Government should establish in each Taluka an agricultural station to demonstrate to the cultivators the advantages of improved cultivation by scientific methods, attaching to each a store for the supply of such selected seed implements and artificial manures, as can be shown to be of profit to their locality, that a trained agriculturist should be attached to each such station and that the aim shall be to open at each station, in the course of time, a class for the instruction of cultivators.

(3) That this Conference is of opinion that such a scheme would receive much local support from the landholders and cultivators, and that preference should be given in the beginning to localities, where a strong committee may be formed to start the undertaking, providing land, raising subscriptions and furnishing assistance.

A discussion on the resolutions followed, but there was no opposition and the President having put them to the Conference they were passed.

THE NIRA CANAL.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey referred briefly to the Nira Canal project, which, he said, he was glad to find was progressing satisfactorily. He added that the Conference ought to adopt the lines laid down by the Co-operative Credit Society Conference, recently held in Bombay, and should secure the co-operation of Government in all their endeavours. The discussion continued till 2 p.m. when the Conference was dissolved.

At four o'clock the members attended a demonstration on the Agricultural College Farm.

SIMLA THEATRICALS.

Simla is to have the treat of a dramatic performance by children before the end of the season at Barnes Court, writes our correspondent. The piece selected in the "Fairy Ring" and it is to be produced on the 14th and 16th October in the Barnes Court grounds at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Tea will be served in the Ball-room and an opportunity will be afforded of seeing the newly designed reception room. The terraced garden lends itself admirably to an open air performance and the little ones will have the most charming opportunity for displaying their dramatic talents. The performance will be in aid of the camp for boys instituted this year near Dharampur by the Anglo-Indian children's Relief Association, The camp, which is at present in operation contains 65 boys drawn from schools in the plains. It is intended to provide the match needed physical benefits of change of air, drill and open air life generally, for about two months annually at this time of the year : and the boys have so far shown great eagerness to take advantages of it. The arrangements are at present in charge of Mr. Hildersley, head of the Sanawar Military Orphanage. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor and Lady Dane who have taken the greatest interest in the scheme from the beginning, were to motor to Dharampur on Wednesday to inspect the camp, returning on Thursday. The expenses are expected to amount to about Rs. 1,000 this year, a sum which is hoped to be covered, at least approximately by the receipts of the Children's play.

COLONEL T. R. TULRONEY I. M. S. has been permitted to retire from Government Service.

INDIAN TEAM TO ENGLAND.

Preliminary Meeting.

A MEETING of the members of the Provisional Committee formed for the purpose of arranging the preliminaries about the contemplated tour of an Indian Representative team to England in the near future was held last evening at the office of Mr. Ratan Tata. The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola presided and among those present were:—Mr. J. M. Framji Patell; Prince Vijaysinhji of Palitana ; Mr. A. C. Rumboll ; Mr. R. J. Tata ; Mr. S. T. Sheppard ; Mr. J. M. Divecha, Honorary Secretary Parsi Gymkhana ; Mr. Naik, Honorary Cricket Secretary, Hindu Gymkhana ; Mr. R. E. Mody, Cricket Captain, Elphinstone Cricket Club ; Mr. C. V. Mehta, Cricket Captain, Hindu Gymkhana ; Mr. R. S. Bapwalla ; Mr. Amruddin Tyebji and Mr. Narotamdas Morarji Gokuldas.

On the motion of Mr. J. M. Framji Patell, seconded by Prince Vijaysinhji, the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola was voted to the Chair.

The Chairman said that as they all knew the object of the meeting was to put the idea of sending an Indian team to England into a practical shape. Mr. Patell who had shown his great interest in cricket by taking up the idea would now describe the steps he had been taking to carry the project through.

LETTER FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. Patell then read the following letter which he had received from the Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor : "I am desired to acknowledge your letter of the 26th instant and to say that His Excellency cordially approves of the proposal to send a cricket team to England and that he will be glad to contribute to the expenses.

His Excellency looks upon such a game as cricket as an excellent means of promoting mutual understanding among the different races and communities of India. At the present time the happy relations which exist between Indians and Englishmen in many forms and many places are in danger of being overlooked. It is best to emphasise these kindly relations as much as possible, and His Excellency is sure that the visit of Indian cricketers to England would be most beneficial. They as good sportsmen, would meet other good sportsmen who would thoroughly appreciate them, while the people at home would be led to understand a side of the Indian character which in present circumstances they may be tempted to forget. His Excellency warmly wishes success to the scheme and he will be glad to hear how it progresses."

THE PROGRESS OF THE SCHEME.

Mr. Patell then, addressing the meeting, said :

Gentlemen. Before I make a few remarks about the visit of the contemplated tour of the Indian team to England in the near future, I have great pleasure in reading a letter, received from H. E. the Governor, through his private secretary.

I am desired to acknowledge your letter of the 26th instant, and to say that His Excellency cordially approves of the proposal to send a circket team to England, and that he will be glad to contribute to the expenses. His Excellency looks upon such a game as cricket as an excellent means of promoting mutual understanding among the different races and communities of India. At the present time the happy relations which exist between Indians and Englishmen in many forms and many places are in danger of being overlooked. It is best to emphasise these kindly relations as much as possible, and His Excellency is sure that the visit of Indian cricketers to England would be most beneficial. They, as good sportsmen, would meet other good sportsmen who would thoroughly appreciate them, while the people at home would be led to understand a side of the Indian character which in present circumstances they may be tempted to forget. His Excellency warmly wishes success to the scheme, and he will be glad to hear how it progresses.

Continuing, Mr. Patell said : I think you will agree with me that the best thanks of the meeting be conveyed to H. E. the Governor for his very sympathetic letter and also for the cordial support promised by His Excellency to the organizers of the movement. I have also received a telegram from H. E. the Gaekwar, sympathising with our movement. As you are aware this is not the first attempt to send an Indian team to England. One organized effort was made in the year 1903 to send one by the lover of the game, but for want of adequate sinews of war and as some of the best players were unable to make the trip in that particular year, the idea had to be abandoned. The chief reason for this was the want of funds. This time the Committee expect great financial support from Mr. Rattan Tata, one of the promoters of the project, as well as from some of the Princes of India.

I am already in communication about the project of sending an Indian team to England, with Lord Harris, Mr. Lacey (Secretary of the M. C. C.) and Mr. A. C. Maclaran who are sure to help us and get at least £1,000 guaranteed from the leading counties and clubs, and I am confident that the above amount will be forthcoming. It is roughly calculated that a team of 15 men visiting England for four months (including a manager) will cost about Rs. 40,000 or £3,000 at the most, and we expect to realize that amount by way of gate-money from various counties and clubs. As was done on the previous occasion. I suggest with your permission from a representative Committee at to-day's meeting to collect funds, etc., etc., and then to approach all these gentlemen and many more who were good enough to help us on the last occasion. The chief contributors were on the previous occasion H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar Rs. 3,500, H. H. the Aga Khan Rs. 3,300, Mr. Tata Rs. 4,000, H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala Rs. 1,500, H. H the Maharaja of Bikaner Rs. 1,000 and the Maharajas of Baroda, Mysore, Bhanagur, Kapurthala and Kolhapore Rs. 500 each, and besides these were many other contributors. The Viceroy and the Governors of the Presidencies also subscribed on that occasion. subscription list will be also sent in all the Gymkhanas and Clubs if might say that the object of the Fund is to provide against emergencies in case we do not get sufficient gates during our matches in England, and I need not say that if the gate-money is sufficient to cover all expenses incidental to the tour—then the subscribers will be refunded the amounts of their donations prorata. The fund is in the nature of a guarantee fund.

A COACH WANTED.

Again if the funds will permit, we cannot do better then get out a first-class professional to coach our men before they start for the trip. Without some kind of regular preparation and training it would be difficult indeed to beard the lion in his den. To my mind the first thing to do is to fix the year in which the team is likely to visit England and to begin collecting funds. We shall be well advised if we left that to our friends on the other side, and after hearing from them we can select our team, etc. I know full well that the Indian representative team will not set the Thames on fire or is going to vanquish the top counties, but they will be able to render a good account of themselves in fixtures against Varsity teams and second class county elevens, and what is more they will be able to engage the attention of the sporting British public and to awaken many more English hearts to take some lively interest in Indian affairs. Every effort will be made to induce H. H. the Jam Saheb to skipper the team and under his captaincy of the team, at least half dozen matches will go a great way in making the tour a cricketing and financial success.

"There is not a deed of craftmanship,
There is not a theory red tape can do
Shall nit the Hindu and the Celt
As much as the Cambridge blue."

Gentlemen—I am a firm believer in the educational and political advantages of such a tour because cricket has an Imperial side to it, and who does not know the good that has been done in the past by the friendly contests of the Kangaroo and the Lion and I do not see why in time to come the Indian cricketers, given the same opportunities, will be able to achieve equally gratifying results on the play grounds of Old England. Why, if we beat the South Africans at cricket, they are sure to think better of us and will not object to good cricketers at any rate settling in their country.

Cricket, in the end, will kill racial antagonism. Let us try our best to send the friendly cricketing mission to the old country which is the chosen home of the king of games, and thus strengthen at the present juncture the bonds of union that always ought to exist between England and India. There are many links that bind us together as citizens of the greatest Empire the world has ever seen, and among those the Imperial game of cricket is not the least.

THE COMMITTEE.

Mr. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy Ibrahim proposed and Mr. A. C. Rumboll seconded that "the Committee consisting of the following gentlemen be appointed to collect funds and to make arrangements for sending a team of Indian cricketers to England and to take all other steps including the coaching of the team in India as they may deem fit : Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy ; Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit ; the Hon'ble Mr. N. G. Chandavarkar ; the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola ; Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit ; Mr. D. J. Tata ; Mr. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim ; Mr. Ratan Tata ; Captain J. G. Greig; Mr. Gordhandas Khatau ; Mr. S. T. Sheppard; Mr. Ibrahim Adamji Peerbhoy ; Commander D. F. Vines; Mr. Shapoorji B. Bharucha ; Mr. A. C. Rumboll ; Mr. Narotam Morarji Goculdas ; Dr. M. E. Pavri ; Mr. A. J. Billimoria ; Kumar Visinji Samatsinhji of Palitana ; Mr. Dinshaw F. Mulla ; Khan Bahadur D. R. Chichgar ; R. S. Powalla ; Mr. S. Velinker ; Mr. Amiruddin Tyebji ; Mr. R. E. Mody; Mr. H. S. Naik ; and Mr. Hadi Tyebji, with Messrs. J. M. Framji Patell, Chunilal Mehta and J. M. Divecha as Honorary Secretary and with Messrs Fazalbhoy Karimbhoy Ebrahim and Jehangir B. Petit as Honorary Treasurers." The Committee was given the power to add to their number.

The proposition was carried.

The Chairman said he trusted that arrangements would be made on this occasion which would carry the scheme through.

Mr. Patell said there was one very important question which should be decided by the Committee. And this was in what year the team should go to England. He was told that the triangular matches between England, Australia and South Africa would take place in 1911, and he thought that it would not be a good arrangement to send an Indian team to England that year. He was of opinion that the team should be sent to England as early as possible as a delay would not help them much.

Mr. Divecha suggested that they should leave this matter in the hands of their friends in England who knew best what year would be the most suitable.

The Chairman was of opinion that the Committee should wait until they received replies to their letters which Mr. Patell had written to the English friends.

Mr. Patell said that the meeting of the secretaries of the counties met in December, and he had therefore taken the earliest opportunity of writing to Lord Harris, Mr. Lacey and Mr. McLaren.

Mr. Divecha was of opinion that they should write to their English friends that the year 1910 would suit them. Mr. Patell had suggested in his letter the years 1911 and 1912, and their friends might therefore think that the year 1910 was not convenient to the team.

Mr. Amiruddin Tyebji inquired if they were quite prepared to send a team in 1910.

Mr. Patell thought they should leave it to their English friends to suggest the year.

Mr. Paowalla thought they would hardly have sufficient time to coach the team if they fixed upon the year 1910.

It was then decided to adjourn the discussion on this matter till the Committee heard from England.

Mr. Patell said that about Rs. 40,000 would be required for the expenses of the team in England for fifteen months. If they got that amount, everything else would be easy. He believed in condition and training. They would not set the Thames on fire, but they would be able by means of the tour to draw the attention of the English public to India. He was of opinion that coaching was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Rumboll said that they must first know the financial position of the scheme.

Mr. Patell said that H. M. the Gaikwar had sent a telegram sympathising with the object of the meeting and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, Captain Grey and Commander Vines had written expressive their regret at not being able to attend the meeting.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

DARKNESS OR DAWN ?

Mr. Justice Chandavarkar in a Gloomy Mood.

IN connection with the forty-second anniversary of the local Prarthna Samaj, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. G. Chandavarkar, last evening, delivered an address on "Darkness or Dawn ?" before a crowded audience.

The learned lecturer, in the course of his able address, gave a very interesting account of the establishment of the Brahma Samaj in Bengal and the Prarthna Samaj in Bombay. He compared the picture that existed about 25 or 30 years ago with that which exists now and said that after all this education, this contact with the West, this spirit of enlightment ; with the schoolmaster, the missionery, the reformer abroad : with political associations, with nationality for their watch word, they were not only where they had been forty years ago but perhaps they had gone even further backward and the signs of the times were such as to make one feel despondent about the future of his country. Lord Morley gave them reforms, and the first sign by which they were followed in the country was that the Mahomedans came forward, and said that they must have a separate representation. Controversies ensued with the result that Hindu Sabhas were established and now they had organisations which, on the one hand, professed to protect the interests of the Hindus, and on the other, professed to protect the interests of the Mahomedans. True, the Hindus and Mahomedans had in a way been divided 35 or 40 years ago, but the separation had not been so pointed as it now had become, and here they had sectarianism and dissension in a most pointed form. The question suggested to them was whether it was darkness or whether it was dawn. It was not to the Mahomedans alone that this separation was confined, but if they went to the Hindus, they found that they had been a divided house. Every community, every caste had now come to the front and said that they must also have a separate representation. He also referred to the Lingayet and Jain communities who, the speaker said, did no longer wish to be recognized as an integral portion of the great Hindu Community, and he summed the matter up by saying that if there was one thing which was prominently forcing itself on their attention, it was the fact that this sectarianism seemed to be the order of the day.

Continuing, the learned lecturer said that there was a good deal, no doubt, in what was happening amongst them to damp their spirits, to make them feel disappointed and to think that after all was said and done, it was not progress but retrogression with which they were faced. Sectarianism was no doubt a mark of retrogression, but as a student of history, as one again who drew his faith from God, from humanity and from his belief in progress being the order of the day in the kingdom of Providence, he felt that the signs which they were witnessing, so far from being depressing signs, were themselves a sign that they were on the path of progress. The events that were happening before them seemed to be rather signs of darkness, but still it was the darkness before the dawn. Whether however, it would be darkness continued, or whether it would be the dawn that followed darkness, depended upon them, upon him and upon everyone.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

Fort Field Officer:—Lieut. A. D. Connor, 116th Mahrattas; next for duty—Captain A.F. Stewart, 116th Mahrattas ; Colaba Field Officer—Captain W.P. Pritchett, 1st Gloster Regiment ; next for duty—Captain G. A. Hassels Yates, R.G.A.

The H. T. "Robilla," is expected to arrive in Bombay Harbour from England, on Tuesday, the 5th October, with drafts and details.

THERE will be Cavalry Manœuvres in December in both the Lahore and Rawalpindi Divisions.

THE resettlement of the Sharakpur Tahsil in the Lahore District and of the Gujranwala and Wazirabad Tahsils has been sanctioned by the Government of India. Mr. J. C. Lall has been appointed Settlement Officer for this work.

THE prospects of a bumper harvest in India are at last affecting exchange. Of the twenty lacks of Council Bills offered by the Secretary of State on Wednesday, nineteen lakhs went off at sixteen pence as regular bills and the balance as telegraphic transfers at sixteen pence and one thirty-second, this being the highest rate realised for many months past.

TAXATION IN ADEN.

Government's Attitude.

THE following is a letter from the Chairman, Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, dated 13th August :—

"By request of my Committee I have the honour to address you with reference to a petition signed by Aden merchants and householders addressed to His Excellency the Governor in Council with reference to some new taxes lately imposed upon the inhabitants of that place which it is feared will seriously hamper the commercial interests of the Port.

"A copy of this petition was forwarded to this Chamber by the Aden Chamber of Commerce on June 26th, and as various members of this Chamber are interested in the commercial affairs of that Port my Committee circulated the petition amongst those who had information on the subject and were qualified to give opinions of value. Replies have been received from several members of this Chamber, shipagents and owners, bankers, merchants and others who are unanimously of opinion that the recent very heavy increase in taxation will be a serious burden upon the commercial community and that the trade of Adan is bound to suffer in consequence. My Committee have carefully considered the petition and the various letters received from members of this Chamber and I have been requested to ask for information from Government regarding the necessity for these new taxes, and to what extent, if any they are being raised to further the commercial interests of the Port.

"In their letter the Aden Chamber of Commerce point out that if Aden is to continue to exist as a commercial Port of any value the burdens on trade and shipping must be kept as low as possible, and as regards the imposition of the new taxes they particularly allude to the fact that the commercial community and the inhabitants were not given proper facilities or time to make full enquiries and to present their views on the subject. It appears from the petition and from replies received by this Chamber that the object for which the money is being raised has not been definity stated, but it is understood that the Resident has recommended a very expensive water-supply and sewage scheme to Government, which does not, however, appear to be generally approved of locally, It has been suggested by some who are interested in the trade of Aden that Government are not anxious to encourage the commercial interests of the Port, and if there should be any truth in this statement, my Committee will be glad to be informed so that the position may be clearly understood.

"It appears however to be a fact that if the commercial community of Aden are unduly taxed the trade will be driven to the neighbouring port of Djibouti where it is understood the authorities are offering all possible facilities to traders to induce them to establish business at that place. Djibouti, my Committee are informed, is the natural outlet of the produce of Abyssinia, Somaliland and to some extent for Hodeidah also, and imports from these places, which in the past have largely come to Aden are certain to be diverted to Djibouti, whose trade has considerably increased in recent years, if Government do not encourage these supplies to come to the Port of Aden. The coal trade, it is further pointed out, has largely declined owing in some measure to the competition of merchants at Perim and Djibouti where my Committee are informed there are no port charges, and partly to the fact that many steamers are now able to carry sufficient coal from Port Said to Bombay or Colombo which does away with the necessity of calling at Aden for supplies. This loss of trade is a matter of considerable importance to those who are established at Aden, and the new taxation now imposed will add to the cost of coal supplies on hand which will farther handicap the trade of the Port. For these reasons and others which make out, it is thought, a good case for reconsideration, my Committee venture to hope that the question will be taken up by Government and that it will be especially considered from the trade point of view which, so far as my Committee can judge from the correspondence, has been more or less overlooked by those who drew up a scheme necessitating such greatly increased taxation upon the commercial community and inhabitants of a place which can never be much more than a port of call and a convenient place, if charges are kept sufficiently low, for the importation of produce and other articles from adjacent countries."

GOVERNMENT'S REPLY.

To the above Government replied in a letter dated 23rd September :—

"I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 731 of August 12th regarding the recent introduction of a revised scale of taxation in the Settlement of Aden, and to reply thereto as follows.

"The Chamber commit themselves in the letter under reference, to the statements that Government have sanctioned a very heavy increase of taxation forming a serious burden on the commercial community, and that the trade of Aden is bound to suffer in consequence. The Chamber further enquire whether it is a fact that Government are not anxious to encourage the commercial interests of the Port. It appears from these remarks that the Chamber have not placed themselves in possession of the facts of the case before proceeding to address Government.

"Until recently the following taxes were levied in Aden" :—

		Rs.
A.	Sweeping tax	11,106
	Watering tax	3,108
	Privy tax	6,684
	Total A	20,898
B	Local tax	36,629
	Tax on animals	84
	Endorsement fee	171
	Fee for weights	3
	Total B	36,837
	Grand Total	57,735

These taxes having been found unsatisfactory inasmuch as they enabled holders of valuable property to escape with an entirely inadequate contribution towards the expenditure of the Settl

r to pay heavily to the owners of condensers for a egular supply. The Secretary of State has n several occasions pressed on the attention f this Government the desirability of rendering the ettlement less unhealthy by improving the sanita- ion of the place. It is unlikely that the provision f a proper water-supply and drainage scheme will perate against the trade interests of the Port. At ast, these improvements may be found to reduce he profits of the present owners of condensers.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is of pinion, however, that quite apart from the urgent anitary requirements of the Settlement a revision of axation was necessary and desirable to secure a fair nd equitable distribution on local property owners. He finds nothing in the representation submitted by the Chamber to show that this is not the case."

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, SEPTEMBER 25.

Two Brahmin women—Lukhmabhai and her daughter, Padmavathi,—the sister-in-law and niece respectively of Mr. Gopalkishen Rao, a well-known resident of the Residency Bazaars, are now in Police custody in connection with a case of alleged poisoning. The alleged circumstances are these:—Venket Reddy, a young Brahmin, was a lodger in the house of the females abovenamed, and was found dead under suspicious circumstances. On a report reaching the Police, the body was taken charge of and removed to the Residency Hospital, where a "post-mortem" examination revealed that death was due to the administration of poison. The viscera have since been sent to the Chemical Analyser, Madras, for analysis, and the women alluded to have been arrested on suspicion. The deceased was comparatively a poor man, and his belongings in cash and jewels, which were found untouched, are valued at less than Rs.300.

The feast of Our Lady of Seven Dolors was celebrated with great solemnity last Sunday at St. Joseph's Cathedral, Chudderghaut. High Mass was sung in the morning, and after vespers in the evening the Reverend Father J. Pagani preached a sermon, dealing in pathetic terms with the Seven Sorrows of the Blessed Virgin, after which a procession was formed, preceded by a statue of the Lady of Seven Dolors, in which she is represented resting against the Cross and weeping over the body of the Saviour at the foot of the Cross, which brought forcibly to mind the event and created a most pathetic influence of the congregation. The celebration concluded with the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament and the kissing of the relic. The same morning scores of people joined the Confraternity for the Conversion of Infidels, which was inaugurated in Hyderabad in 1882 by the late Bishop Caprotti, but which has remained a more or less a forgotten institution until the revival which has now take place.

Several months ago I made reference to the case of Surgeon Mahomed Buran, which terminated in his being transferred from Nirmal to Kummemmett. He has again been relieved of his duties and told that he must retire on pension; but matters are hanging fire at that point as is always the case when the official heads determine on a course of action. What is the Director of the Medical Department doing? It is common talk that this is a case for the Home Secretary to consider.

An incident showing the instinct and sagacity of the monkey has just been communicated to me. It appears that a "Jutra" was held recently a few stations beyond Gulburga, to which a monkey-man took his two performing monkeys and a goat. On his return, he was attacked by the robbers in an out-of-the-way village, killed, robbed and buried, and the murderers decamped, taking with them the goat, which they killed in a secure place and made a meal of, buried its skin in a hole which they dug for the purpose. The bigger of the two monkeys (the male) had a fight with the men who cut the throat of his master biting him in different parts of the body: but as he could not do more, he skipped aside and closely watched developments. He saw the grave in which his master was buried and after the murderers walked away with their booty, he returned with his mate, whom he left near the grave and then went on the trail of the robbers. He saw what they did with his old comrade, the goat, and when he found them busy roasting the flesh, he made off to the nearest village officer, and by gestures and motions drew his attention, and the officer with a dozen well armed men, followed the monkey, who brought them to the spot where the murderers were concealed. The officers arrested the six men, one of whom the monkey pointed out as the assassin who killed his master and another who killed the goat. The monkey then pointed out the place where the goat's skin was buried and lastly the grave of his master, over which sat the she-monkey, a doleful sentinel. Between the two monkeys sufficient and tangible evidence was produced to sustain a charge of murder against the accused, who were brought to Gulburga and placed before the Magistrate to stand their trial. The case has since been transferred to headquarters and will be heard at the High Court. The incident has aroused no small amount of surprise and interest.

THE NEW JUSTICES OF PEACE.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Justices of the Peace within the limits of the Town of Bombay:—

Anandrao Ramkrishna Talcherkar, Rao Bahadur	MacBeth, J B K
Arthur, S R, ICS,	Maxwell, W, I C S
Black, John	Mayston, H.
Bocarro, Edward	Murdoch, James.
Brooke, R H	Navroji M. Dumasia,
Burnett, Major S H, ME C M, IMS	Nolan, W. J.
Charandas Chatturbhuj Muraji	Orr, J. P., I.C.S.
Chrystal, J P	Prabhudas Jivandas.
Crump, L C, I C S	Purushottam Balkrishna Joshi, F.R.G.S., Rao Saheb.
DeAlmeida, J C	Rahmatullah Mehr Ali Chinai.
Dickinson, Captain W. H., M B, B.Ch., I.M.S.	Robinson, J. H.
Drew, W. W. I. C. S.	Russ, C. A.
DuBoulay, J. H., C.I.E, I.C.S.	Rustum D. N. Wadia, M.A., Bar.-at-Law.
Dwarkadas Gordhandas	Saiyid Mainud-din Saiyid Husain.
Fairclough, J M	Salebhai C. Barodavala.
Fardunji Mancherji Dastur, M A	Salebhai Tyabji.
Forbes, A	Savak Sorabji Batlivala, L. M. & S.
Fosbery, A C W	Sells, A. F.
French G D, I C S	Shamaldas Prabhudas Jivandas.
Gadney, F M	Shelley, Major A. D. G., R. E. (Retired).
Ghulam Ali Ghulam Husain Muraj	Shortt, W. C. G.
Goldsmith, B K, M D.	Simkin, F. H,
Graham W	Smith, S. D., B.A.
Husainbhai Abdul Kadir Nakhuda, L M & S	Spence, R. A.
Ismail Baig Muhammad	Sprott, F. L.
Jahangir Ratanji Dubash	Sutton, F. A.
Jenkins, The Honourable Mr J L, C S I, M A (Oxon.) I C S	Symes, W. C.
Kennedy, R	Vasantrav Anandrav Dabholkar.
Khetsi Khesi	Vincent, F. A. M. H.
Lamb, The Honourable Mr R A, C S I, C I E, I C S	Wagstaff, H. F.
Lumsden, Capt in W, R N	Watson, C. C., I.C.S.
	Watson, E. Y.
	Watson, J. P.
	Whitty, R. F. L., I.C.S.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending 28th September was 555, giving a death-rate of 29·51 per annum per thousand as against 31·85 the corresponding period of last year, and 37·67 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 54 died from fevers; 24, plague; 2, small-pox; 14, cholera; 1 leprosy; 51, phthisis; 44, diseases of the nervous system; 107, affections of the respiratory organs; 26, diarrhœa; 17, dysentry; 41, still-born; 101, old age and debility; 17, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 23; Brahmin, 14; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 261; Hindu low caste, 75; Mussalman, 132; Parsee, 11; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 24; Eurasian, 4; European, 1; Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 406 as against 433 the corresponding period of last year, and 427 the average over the past five years. The total number of death includes 3 deaths from plague among recent arrivals from Pen, Vesava and Jaipur; and 1 from cholera among those from Poona, and 6 deaths from other causes among arrivals from other places. Thus the total mortality is reduced to 545, giving the death-rate of 28·98,

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

CHARGE AGAINST AGENT FOR SEWING MACHINES.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Heaton.

DINSHAW M. WADIA VS. SHEIK ADAM REHIMAN MUJAWAR.

For the Accused: Mr. P. Godinho.
For the Complainant: The Government Pleader.

This was an appeal from the decision of the Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Dracup, who had convicted the accused on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 900 and sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500.

It appeared that the complainant's firm did business in sewing machines in the mofussil, and the agency of the firm at Karad was held by the accused, who had to remit to the firm in Bombay all monies recovered by him on the sale of sewing-machines, after deducting the amount of his commission and expenses. After his commission was raised his remittances became scarce, and when written to, accused explained that he could not recover the money on account of plague and famine. On the evidence the Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him as above stated. Against this decision an appeal was admitted in the High Court and their Lordships, in disposing of the appeal, said that the conviction and sentence must be quashed for want of jurisdiction. The offence, if any, had been committed at Karad.

The accused was ordered to be discharged, and the fine, if paid, to be refunded.

HABITUAL DEALERS IN STOLEN PROPERTY.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Heaton.

IMPERATOR VS. DAVLU PARSU UCHALE, BALA NARSU AND MASHYA BANDU.

This was an appeal from the decision of Mr. V. M. Ferrers, acting Session Judge of Satara, who had convicted the accused, for habitually dealing in stolen property and belonging to a gang of thieves and had sentenced the first to a term of 5 years and the other two, each to a term of two and a half years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Ferrers, in his judgment, had stated that there was a great deal of property before the Court, being part of the booty of several burglaries. The property was identified several times over, first by the original owner and his friends and secondly by the subsequent possessor, to whom it had been made over by one or more of the accused. Out of the six accused, the assessor had pronounced three guilty and three not guilty. His Honour could see no very clear reason for making that distinction except that the three selected as guilty appeared in the dock in convicts' dress, being already under sentence. His Honour disagreeing with the assessor, found all the accused guilty and sentenced them as above stated.

The appeals were dismissed.

CLAIM UNDER A CONSIGNMENT

Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor.

MAGANLAL PURSHOTTAM AND ANOTHER PLAINTIFFS VS. THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY DEFENDANTS.

This was a reference from the Small Cause Court of Bombay. The plaintiffs in this case shipped two tins of ghee for carriage by the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Administration under a Risk Note in what is known as Form B, whereby the charge for carriage was at a special reduced rate, instead of the ordinary tariff rate chargeable for consignments upon the terms that the Railway Administration should be free from all responsibility for the loss of the consignment from any cause whatever except for the loss of the complete consignment due either to the wilful neglect of the Railway Administration or to theft by or to the wilful neglect of its servants transport Agents or Carriers employed by them before during and after transit by the said Railway provided that the term wilful neglect be not held to include fire, robbery from a runing train or any other unforeseen event or accident. The plaintiffs' tins were completely lost while being carried on the defendants' Railway. The finding of fact of the Chief Judge of the Small Cause Court by which their Lordships were bound was that the Railway Administration have proved affirmatively that the loss was not due to the neglect of the Railway Administration or its servants and that the Railway Administration took all the care of these goods which could be reasonably expected. This finding would appear to negative the exception to freedom from responsibility specified in the Risk Note. Their Lordships have, however, been asked by a Bench of two Judges of the Small Cause Court in the case stated to answer certain questions of law which one or both of the Judges think arise in the case.

The 1st question was whether in order to avoid liability, the Railway Administration was bound under the circumstances of this case and under the terms of the Risk Note in Form B in the case in the event of non-delivery of a complete consignment to prove affirmatively that the loss was due to fire, robbery from a running train, or any other unforseen event or accident?

Their Lordships answered that question in the negative. Neglect on the part of the Railway Administration or its servants having been negatived it was not necessary to consider the exceptions to wilful neglect which were specified in the proviso of the Risk Note. Upon the findings of fact above stated their Lordships did not think any of the other questions would arise. Costs will be costs in the cause.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

TESTAMENTARY SUIT.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

TEJPAL KHETSEY VS. VEJBAI WIDOW AND ANOTHER.

For the plaintiff:—Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Khunderao, Laud and Mehta.

For the first defendant:—Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. D. F. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla.

This was a suit for the revocation of the grant of letters of administration of the estate of one Jetha Viram, deceased, to the first defendant.

The plaintiff in his plaint stated that one Jetha Viram, a Hindu of the Cutch Dasa Oswal caste, died at Jalgaon on 12th December 1905, leaving him surviving his widow, the first defendant and Jamnabai, widow of his predeceased son Bhanji, the second defendant. He was informed and he believed that a day previous to his death, the deceased wrote with his own hand on two pieces of paper what purported to be his last will and testament and gave the writing to one Jetha Devji for safe custody. Jetha Devji failed to obtain probate of the will and alleged that the deceased had left a will dated the 12th December 1905, but the same had been lost and on 5th July, the first defendant applied for letters of administration without the will. The second defendant soon became aware of the petition and filed a caveat against the grant of letters of administration to the first defendant. The petition was in consequence of the caveat, converted into a suit, and in the course of its proceedings Jetha Devji and one Punsey Varsang were examined on commission on behalf of the second defendant and they deposed that the deceased made a will on 12th December 1905 and the same was copied from the writing which plaintiff alleged to be his last will. On 18th October 1907 an order was passed by consent of the defendants in the present suit whereby the caveat was dismissed and an order was made for the issue of letters of administration of the estate of the deceased to the first defendant. He alleged that the consent order was fraudulently obtained by the defendants, who had been mere legatees under the will with a view to obtain undue advantage for themselves and defraud other legatees including the plaintiff. He said that even if the fraud were not proved the grant should be revoked because the deceased made a will on 11th December 1905 and the Court had no jurisdiction to grant letters of administration to the first defendant without the will. He further submitted that he was in a position to prove the will of 11th December 1905 made by the deceased in his own handwriting. The plaintiff therefore prayed that (1) the consent order of 18th October 1907 be set aside and the grant of letters of administration of the estate to the first defendant be revoked, and (2) that letters of administration with the will of 11th December 1905 be issued to the plaintiff or to the first defendant or such other person as the Court may think proper.

The first defendant, in her written statement, denied the material allegations made against her in the plaint but admitted the writing dated 11th December 1905 and said that it was and had been intended by the deceased to be only an incomplete draft of his will.

She submitted that the plaintiff was not entitled to the relief claimed and said that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The case is proceeding.

SALE OF POLO PONIES.

Before Mr. Justice Beaman.

OSMAN JAMAL VS. DIGBY LAWSON.

For the Plaintiff: Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co.

This was a suit to recover a sum of Rs. 3,333-4-6 due to the defendant for the sale of a number of polo ponies. The defendant did not appear, but had admitted the claim in the letters he had written to the plaintiff. His Lordship passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff for the amount claimed with interest and costs.

THE LAKHMIDAS MILLS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod has fixed Thursday, 7th October, for the examination of Messrs. Manecklal Amratlal Dave and Premchand Gocouldas, the auditors of the Lakhmidas Khimji Mills.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

POSSESSING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

Mahomed bin Mahomed, a Mahomedan, was charged with being in possession of fifty-two grains of cocaine without a license. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20, or, in default, to undergo fourteen days' simple imprisonment.

Mr. P. A. Strip, Excise Inspector, charged Manilal Babu, a Purdesi, with being possession of ten grains of cocaine in contravention of the Abkari Act. Mr. Strip stated that in consequence of certain information received he went to the accused's shop at Kalbadevie Road on Wednesday night, Searching the shop in the presence of a "punch" a packet containing the cocaine was found under the accused's seat. The accused admitted that the cocaine was found in his shop but said that he did not know how it came there. The accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5, or in default, to undergo three days' simple imprisonment.

One Nurmahomed Jetha was charged with being in possession of twenty-two grains of cocaine without a license. The accused pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15, or, in default, to undergo seven days' simple imprisonment.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

FORT.

Before Mr. G. C. Plinston (Chairman), and Colonel Cordue.

ILL-TREATING ANIMALS.

Their Worships disposed of 17 cases yesterday morning, including one in which some bullock-cart drivers were charged with cruelly ill-treating animals. The accused were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Re. 1 each. The animals were ordered to be sent to hospital.

DRIVING HIS VEHICLE WITHOUT A LIGHT.

One Haji Hasan, a victoria driver, was charged with driving his vehicle after sunset without having his lamps lighted. The accused pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to pay a fine of annas eight.

GIRGAON.

Before Messrs. E. R. Khote (Chairman), and Frank Anderson.

CAUSING OBSTRUCTION.

Their Worships disposed of 40 cases, some of which were against hawkers for exposing articles for sale so as to cause obstruction in a public place.

DADAR.

Before Rao Bahadur Vasanji Khimji (Chairman), and Mr. Dost Mahomed Pir Mahomed.

BULLOCK-CART DRIVERS CHARGED.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, including some against bullock-cart drivers for ill-treating animals.

"PAID" CURRENCY NOTES.

A CASE has just been decided in the Sessions Court at Cawnpore, which has revealed a new and hitherto unsuspected manner in which shopkeepers can be swindled. There are various offices of account, from which currency notes, received in the first instance from England, are issued to the public. When such notes are received back at such an office, they are not reissued, they are punched paid, the composition of the letters of this word being varied for each office. They are then returned to the office from which they issued; then they are listed and made into bundles. The portion of the note containing the printed signature is then cut out, and the notes so rendered valueless are, after a further check by an inspecting officer, burned. Elaborate precautions are taken that the notes should not be lost—and, when the chopped cut signatures have nearly filled the box into which they drop—which is kept locked—they are carried outside and reduced to ashes. The cutting machine is operated by a handle which is worked up and down by hand. This handle is not fastened to the cutter above, but below inside the box. There is, therefore, a slit an inch wide right down one side of the box, in which this handle works. Notes are cut many at a time, and a true triangular piece (the Cawnpore machine cuts a triangular piece, while other offices have their own shape) is not always cut. Small pieces are sometimes cut and torn, and some of those small pieces fall out on to the floor of the room through the above slit. Two cases have occurred where two cancelled notes have been obtained, and also some of these pieces of signatures; the latter have been pasted together and then stuck on to the gap caused by the chopping out of the signature in the notes. Thus two quite presentable notes were obtained and successfully passed, one even passing through a sub-treasury and being only discovered at the Bank of Bengal.

In consideration of the youth of the man who passed these notes (who had been temporarily employed in the Currency Office at Cawnpore) and of the respectability of his father and brothers, all good clerks in various offices, he received a sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment. This new manner of cheating is not supposed to be at all common yet; at the same time it may be as well when notes are taken to be sure that the signature is in order and that the notes have not been punched "Paid!"

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA HORSE SHOW.

Last Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 30.

The Poona horse show concluded this evening with the distribution of prizes by Mrs. Swann. It has been a brilliant success this year, thanks to Major Faunce, the Honorary Secretary. The Judges the Stewards and the Committee numbered among them best experts in horse flesh to be found anywhere in India. The afternoon was powerfully sunny, but the inconvenience of having to sit out under a blazing sky was pleasantly discounted by Colonel McGill and Officers of the R. A. M. C. being "At Home" to all Poona society.

The judging in every event was clean beyond criticism. Those who won the prizes richly merited them, primarily Mrs. Morris had a double right to the prizes she won, with Veronique. The beautiful looking mare has placed no fewer than twenty-five prizes to her credit and will probably live to earn several more at the Bombay and Poona shows. Major Arnold was not unfortunate in the class for jumping horses over 14·2. He took the blue rosette with his flirty mare Rube who has all the qualities of a thoroughbred. She jumped prettily and looked pretty. The dead heat between Mrs. Davis's Khurdie and Major Moore's Bobin for first prize in the class for ladies ponies could not have been otherwise. Both looked picturesque and were full of spirit. A number of champion racers were shown, among them being Major Moore's Sher, Mr. Rube's Predominant, Captain Badger's string, which comprised High Born, Flashlight, Wordie Major and Whistling Rufus, Major Moore's Daroji, Mr. T. L. Robert's Pincher and Sentiment and the game old Tete-a-Tete, with the exception of Robin, the gang of racers failed to secure prizes.

Mr. Charles Harding had no difficulty in securing the Championship, in Section 8 for Mr. A. Framji's Tona.—It has one Championship before and had nothing to beat in the Poona show. The following are the prize-winners;—

Class 11. Hunters 14-2 and under. 1st prize presented by the Hon. Sir J. W. P. Muir Mackenzie K.C.S.I.; 2nd prize presented by H. E. the Govern-Staff; 3rd prize presented by the Fund.

Major Morris' Robin	1
Mrs Morris' Veronique	2
Mrs Dyson's Dilemma	3

Also competed—Tophole, Clo Clo, Horace, Marksman, Mike, Rachel, Tete-a-Tete, Chortler, Heloise, Riverside, Predominant.

Class 20. English and Colonial ponies 14-2 and under in single harness. Prize presented by the Hon. Mr. J L Jenkins, C S I:—

Mr A Framjee's Tona	1
Mr Hamilton's Confidence	2

Also competed—Bluebell, Robin, Telephone, Moby, Veronique and Little Billie.

Class 6.—Ponies suitable as polo ponies. 1st prize presented by the members of Tattersall's Club; 2nd prize presented by the fund:—

Capt Popham's Cato	1
Mr W Graham's Oki	2

Mrs Davie Khurdie was highly commended.

Also competed.—Clo-Clo, Break Away, Conductor, Britomarte, Hemycock, Sher, Harmony, La Boheme, and Secret.

Class 10.—Hunters over 14-2, 1st prize presented by H. E. the Governor

2nd prize presented by the fund.

Mr Roberts' Sentiment	1
Major Moore's Daroji	2

Also Competed.—Oscudor, Nevermore, Furis, David, Seagull, Trustee, Bon Vivant, Blackthorne, Bramble, Starlight, Pincher and Claudine.

Class 3.—Arab and B polo ponies. 1st prize presented by Major Bertie Clay, R A.; 2nd prize presented by Major W R Lewis:—

Mr Miles' Game-Cock	1
Mr Graham's Mercury	2

Mr Watson's Shamshad was highly commended.

Also Competed.—Kagal, Skylark, Horn, Diana, Pallwan, Silversand, Fix, Kairo, Highborn, Hema Bada, Flashlight, Wordie Major and Whistling Rufus.

Class 15 (b). Arab and C. B. Hacks 14 and under. 1st prize presented by the Maharaja of Idar; 2nd prize presented by the fund:

Major Bremner's Cascade	1
Mrs Dovies' Khurdie	2

Also Competed—Diana, Sher, Grey Morn, La Boheme, Highborn, Flaslight, Wordie Major, and Whistling Rufus.

Class 15 (1). English and Colonial hacks 14-2 and under. 1st prize presented by Mr. Mathuradas Gocouldass; 2nd prize presented by Mr Sulleman Abdul Wahed; 3rd prize presented by the Fund:—

Mr C Watson's All Gold	1
Mrs Mooris' Veronique	2
Captain Denton's Burnside	3

Also Competed.—Tophole, Conductor, Horace, Marksman, Dilemma, Brillantine, Rachel, Oki Rufus, Rudlof, Robin, Harmony, Bob, Chortler, Cæssar, Predominant, May, Clo Clo and Village Girl.

Championship Section G:

Mr A Framjee's Tona.

Class.—Ladies' Ponies. 1st prize presented by the Officers R A M C; 2nd prize presented by the Fund:—

Mrs Davies' Khurdie	1
Major Moore's Robin	2

Also competed:—Veronique, My Lady, Dilemma, Rachel, Rufus, Sher, La Boheme and Hyacinth.

Class 6.—Jumping horses over 14-2. 1st prize presented by the Officers, 26th (PWO) Light Cavalry; 2nd prize presented by Major G. Moore; 3rd prize presented by the Fund:—

Major Arnold's Ruby	1
Mr. F A De Pass' Shanandoah	2
Mr H Symon's Lady Katherine	3

Also Competed:—Brown Peter, Osculder, Sport Royal, Kildars, Top, Twilight, Tallison, The Flag, Day Dream, Bendigo, Graduate, Basaco, Dandy, Swivellet, Bon Vivant, Chortler, Sentiment, Lord Stewart, Lurlo, The Myall, Courtier, Moonlight and Victoria.

Class 25.—Children's ponies:—

Master Oliver Jackson's Donkey Lazarus	1
Master John Daverill's ch cb g Robin	2
Master Lamb's Donkey Peter Pan	3
Master Lamb's Betty	4
Master Couris' Donkey Neddy	5

POONA RACES.

Horses Left in.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 30.

The following are the horses left in for the Second Meeting, Third Day, of the Poona races to be held on the 2nd instant:—

DECCAN PLATE (Hurdle).—1 3-4 miles:—Umuthee 10st 7lbs, Dirty Boy 10st 5lbs, Mount Dane 10st, Pincher 9st 7lbs, and Squire Alfred 9st 5lbs.

SEPTEMBER PLATE.—5 furlongs:—Tangaroa 9st 12lbs, Wise Bird 9st 2lbs, Picturesque 8st 13lbs, Lord Mero 8st 8lbs, Metal Maid 8st 6lbs, Posco 8st 2lbs, Bucolic 7st 6lbs, Singleton 6st 13lbs, Manlocks 9st 11lbs, Mozart 6st 8lbs, and Coquette 6st.

THE STEWARDS PURSE.—1 1-2 miles—Oakton 9st 10lbs, Huntinghorn 9st 1lb, Ashanti Gold 8st, and Flanent 7st 3lbs.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—1 1-2—Precious 9st 12lbs, Second Thought 9st 5lbs, Peculiar 9st 5lbs, Sialkote 9st 2lbs, Dalmoral 8st 10lbs, Alma 8st 6lbs, Darianoor 8st 5lbs, Jehangir 8st 4lbs, Pinkie 7st 12lbs, Antica 7st 7lbs, Soheil 7st 4lbs, Hadee 7st 3lbs, Mooreed 6st 10lbs, and Cato 6st 9lbs.

THE GHORPURIE PLATE.—5 furlongs:—Zare 9st 12lbs, Scimitar 9st 10lbs, Plassy 9st 1lb, Hisham 8st 8lbs, Sharar 8st 5lbs, Disfigure 8st 3lbs, Yscoot 7st 10lbs, Arvy 7st 8lbs, Little and Sanaya 7st 6lbs, Seiection 6st 13lbs, and Duxion 6st 9lbs.

THE KIRKEE PLATE.—6 furlongs:—Bay Middleton 9st 11lbs, Salanie 9st 1lb, Mudkoor 8st 5lbs, Mumbra 8st 2lbs, Company 8st 1lb, Multifirm 8st, Saree 7st 11lbs, Corrector 7st 8lbs, Wordie Major 7st 7lbs, Maimoon 7st 6lbs, Realblood 7st 4lbs and Fairfield 7st 1lb.

MADRAS RUGBY FOOTBALL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 30.

In the Semi-final round of the Madras Rugby Tournament this evening, the Leicester Regiment beat Ceylon by three goals and one penalty goal and one try to one goal or by twenty-one points to five.

BOMBAY ROVERS' TOURNAMENT.

Lincoln Regiment vs. Commercial Gymkhana.

THE Lincoln Regiment who strike one as a distinctly good all round side had an easy win against the Commercial Gymkhana last evening, and won by seven goals to one. However it is only fair to the Gymkhana defence to say that the size of their score was largely due to the mistakes of their goal-keeper. The Lincolns had most of the game after the first ten minutes, but they were hardly quick enough in front of goal to have made the best of a good many opportunities and several of the points they scored could have been prevented by a competent man in goal. In the first half, Marklow (twice), Parsons and Dwane scored for the soldiers, while Johnson got a goal for the Commercial Gymkhana just before the whistle sounded. In the second half, Marklow (twice) and Dwane added goals for the Lincolns.

Result:

Lincolns	7
Commercial Gymkhana	1

Teams:—

Lincolns: Goal Cpl. Smith; backs, Pte. Butters and Sergt. Dromy; halves, Lce-Cpl. Jackson, Lieut. Wickham, and Pte Greatorex; forwards, Pte Parkinson, Pte. Parsons, Cpl. Dwane, Pte. Marklow and Lieut. Drake.

Commercial Gymkhana:—Goal, Rose; backs, Lay and Harwood; halves, Bellamy, Osborne and Elliott; forwards, Evans, Chapman, Jackson, Woolley and Crole-Rees.

In the team race the Government Telegraphs won easily against the R. G. A. Colaba, the best time being done by P. A. Walker, in 12 1-5 secs. This is the fastest time made in the competition so far.

CRICKET IN POONA.

Poona vs. Ahmednagar.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

AHMEDNAGAR, SEPTEMBER 30.

After a pretty long spell of inactivity cricket was resumed on the Gymkhana ground to-day and the day before when the annual fixture, Poona vs. Ahmednagar, came off. Poona had a walk over, having won by an, innings and 78 runs. Scores.

AHMEDNAGAR.

1st Innings.

Capt Daniell, b Greig	...	0
Mr S Saraph, b Southey	...	8
Major Woodhouse, b Greig	...	0
Mr W Faviell, c Lucas, b Greig	...	24
Mr K E Cooper, c Fowler, b Greig	...	6
Mr B Clarke, b Southey	...	1
Mr L C Short, b Southey	...	3
Mr A Guna, c Fowler, b Greig	...	19
Major Hill, c Fowler, b Greig	...	0
Mr H P Dobson, c Arthur, b Greig	...	1
Pte Shackisford, not out	...	12
Extras	...	14
Total	...	93

2nd Innings.

Capt Daniell, c Wilson, b Southey	...	6
Mr Sraph, b Greig	...	8
Major Wodehouse, c Tillard, b Southey	...	0
Mr Faviell, b Greig	...	0
Mr Cooper, c Arthur, b Southey	...	1
Mr Clarke, c A Tillard, b Greig	...	5
Major Hill, c and b Southey	...	0
Lce-Corpl Short, not out	...	30
Mr Gunn, st Wilson, b Greig	...	3
Mr Dobson, c Greig, b Southey	...	7
Pte Shackleford, b Southey	...	5
Extras	...	3
Total	...	68

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Capt Greig, c Dobson, b Clarke	...	25
Capt Lucas, c Dobson, b MaCleford	...	22
Capt Langhorne, c Cooper, b Clarke	...	0
Capt Tillard, b Saraph	...	66
Mr Bocquet, c and b Cooper	...	56
Major Southey, c Faviell, b Cooper	...	18
Mr A K Tillard, c Dobson, b Faviell	...	7
Col Fowler, not out	...	20
Mr Arthur, not out	...	7
Capt Spring, b Cooper	...	5
Mr Wilson, c Clarke, b Cooper	...	0
Extras	...	15
Total	...	230

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR T. A. SAVAGE, V. D.

Bombay, 1st October.

332.—Detail for the week ending 2nd instant.

To-day Friday 1st Inst.—"H" Coy. Parade on Coy. parade ground at 12 noon.

II. "K" Coy. (John Connon School) Parade on Coy. parade ground at 3-30 p. m.

III. All Recruits of the current season to parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p. m.

333.—Issue of Arms.—Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to Members of the Corps at Headquarters between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p. m. daily except Sundays.

Members are requested to draw their Arms and Accoutrements at once.

334.—Clothing.—All ranks requiring clothing and articles to make up deficiencies are requested to apply for them at Headquarters at once.

335.—Parades—1st to 31st instant—Weekly parades under Company Commanders. Time and place to be arranged by them, and notified to the Adjutant 3 days beforehand at least.

Subjects Sections 8 to 44 Infantry Training 1905 and Sections 2 to 27 (except 4) Chapter I, Training Manuals Appendix 1905.

336.—Musketry—Saturday 2nd instant.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-5 a.m.

Members wishing to go for Class Firing on Saturday should send intimation to Headquarters by 4 p.m. to-day Friday.

Sunday 3rd instant.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-45 a.m.

337. Parade—Monday 4th instant.—"G." Coy. Parade at the Gymkhana at 7-30 a. m.

Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.

338. Extract from Brigade Orders dated 30th September 1909 is published for information:—

No 1206 Volunteers.—Furlough and Leave—Leave of absence out of India is granted to the undermentioned Officer:—

Major P R Cadell, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, from the 20th September 1909 to 20th June 1910

339. Resignations.—The undernamed having left the Station are struck off the strength of the Corps:—

No 6662 Cadet P Pinto, "H" Coy.
No 6637 Cadet O Dane, "I" Coy.

C. N. MOBERLY, Capt.,
Actg. Adjt., B. V. R.

DIAMONDS worth £20,000, lost by a wealthy New York lady on an Erie ferryboat, have been found among the playthings of an Italian baby in New Jersey, whose parents picked them up thinking they were glass.

MR. GEORGE LAMMING, of Retford, who will attain the age of eighty-four at Christmas, has just been married to Mrs. Georgina Bishop, who was seventy-one years of age last month. Mrs. Bishop resided next door to Mr. Lamming for some time, and it is believed that she will shortly inherit a fortune of £20,000 from a brother who died in Australia.

THE operations of the Army Remount Department coupled with remunerative prices and agricultural prosperity are reported to be responsible for the stimulus being given to horse and mule breeding in the Punjab. According to the quinquennial census of 1909 there has been an increase under horses and ponies of 26 per cent. over the figure of the 1904 census that is from—283,686 to 358,244—while under mules the total of 38,822 in 1909 represents an increase of 52 cent. since 1904. In the cases of horses and ponies the increase is general, except in the districts of the Delhi Division; while mules show the largest increase in the Shapur, Lyallpur and Jhang Districts.

THE OOTACAMUND HUNT RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, SEPTEMBER 27.

To the stranger to Ooty the Hunt Races are a revelation, and it must be a good horse and a better man, that ride to win these point-to-points. After weeks of rain, with a very occasional fine day thrown in, it was particularly kind of the weather to provide a fine day for the flat races, and a glorious day for the holiday on the Downs. From the early hours the road to the "Toda Coffee Shop" was agog. The first race commenced at 11-30 and as every vehicle, invented from the latest motor and smartest carriage and pair to hill tats and two-men rickshaws were on the road. Some must have started in the early hours as the finishing post and goal for all was eleven good miles over hill and vale. There were men on foot, natives in hundreds, their gay coloured shawls floating in the wind as they made short cuts over hill and dale chattering together, every shop in the town was shut and every inhabitant, from the golf caddies to the office tables betook themselves to the scene of revelry. Men coasting down long stanting hills on bykes, to alas toil up the equally, long one the other side of the valley. Bullock dhummies, one was particularly smart painted white, with a pair of smart little black bullocks, but most were of the ordinary gay painted omnibus kind. Pony carts of every description, many driven by ladies, and endless weary coolies with tiffin baskets were passed on the way.

The road was a particularly pretty one, running for about five miles, beside a delightful little rivulet, a "bonny wee burn" as a Scotch "body" would say. Amongst the boulders it leaped down in little waterfalls and stood in pretty little deep pools, and amongst the rocks clumps of arum lilies all ablossom and large bushes of golden gorse bloomed. One felt it rather impertinent of this common prickly bush to rub Elbons with the pure and stately arum, but it made its apologies as brilliant as possible by shining and blossoming so brightly. At about the sixth milestone a long long toil commenced up to the big hill known as the staircase and as one gradually ascended more and more beautiful views and

BY THE WAY.

LYMPNE CASTLE.

Lympne Castle, the week-end residence of the Prime Minister, invaded by the suffragettes, was until recently a favourite haunt of artists. From the tower a wonderful view over the vast expanse of Romney Marsh was to be had, and Mr. H. G. Wells made its summit the scene of a charming love episode in his novel, "Kipps." Turner sketched at Lympne (pronounced "Lim,") and when Sir Hubert von Herkomer, in his youth, commenced to paint Idyllic pastorals, it was at Lympne that he sought his subjects.

SUPERB POSITION.

The old town has, within the last two or three years, been transformed into a stately country-house, although the change has robbed the place of much of its picturesqueness, nothing can deprive Lympne Castle of the advantages of its superb position. The hill on which it stands is three miles from the sea, and the view extends on the right hand to Hastings cliffs, and on the left to Dover, and right the Gris Nez and other French coast-lights can be seen from the Castle windows. Lympne is historically interesting as the birthplace of the Holy Maid of Kent. Erasmus was once the vicar of the neighbouring village of Aldington.

PEARY'S DOGS.

Commander Peary's success is in no small measure due to his Esquimaux dogs, for whom, indeed, he has a special pledge. "I could talk to you for hours," Peary once said, "of these splendid animals who have made my arctic work possible. Descendants of the Arctic wolf, they are wolves still when they sight or scent musk-ox or bear, but at other times they are affectionate slaves, making their best to turn aside from their master the murderous rush of infuriated Polar bear, or working without a murmur till they drop dead in their harness. In the New York Zoological Gardens is Jack Johnson, "the faithfullest and most affectionate" of all Peary's dogs, sure of full rations and no work for the rest of his life.

RETURN OF THE SLUM CHILDREN.

Their school-holidays are now over, and London street arabs have all returned from their fortnight in the country, where they somehow contrived, despite the weather, to get plenty of sunburn. In the "Monthly Paper," of St. Alban's, Holborn, Father Russell writes: "I always wish that those who have so generously contributed to the Children's Holiday Fund could see the look of health upon the children's faces on their return. It is not only the little body which has profited, but the little mind as well, for it has been in healing contact with the beauty of the sea and sky and fields and hedgerows, and has had printed upon it many a picture which will be a joy again and again to recall and to describe."

THE LIBRARY OF THE CITY CORPORATION.

The Guildhall Library, which has just lost a capable and popular custodian by the death in Australia of Mr. Borrajo, is housed in a handsome perpendicular edifice, which is imagined by strangers to be of immense antiquity, but was really designed about 1870 by Sir Horace Jones, the City Architect. It contains nearly 140,000 books and pamphlets, some of great value, and is especially rich in works connected withe the social or political history of London. The special collections include the restored library of the old Dutch church in Austin Friars, and the libraries of several City companies. On great festivals at the Guildhall the library is closed, and the building transformed into reception rooms.

A NEWSBOY'S DIGNIFIED REPROOF.

Like newsboys elsewhere, the Glasgow newsboy is alert and independent, but no one, says the "Herald" of that city, would suspect him of a capacity to administer a dignified reproof in a manner indicating strong self-restraint. One who was refused a match the other evening, in a tobacconist's shop, held a shabby cigarette upon the counter, produced a half-penny, and asked for a box of vestas. When he got it he set fire to his tobacco, dropped half a dozen matches into a ragged pocket, and handed the box back over the counter. "Jist you keep them frae the self, ma man, and gie one to any gentleman that asks fur a licht."

AUTUMN FLOWERS IN GRASS.

Many opportunities are missed of bringing beauty to the fringe of woodland and grassland, "Country Life" points out, through the undeserved neglect of the colchicums and crocuses, which reach their fullest beauty during the autumn months. This is, of course, the season to plant; but when the bloom is the time to remind those who are gardening in the grass of their existence. Sprinkled with daffodils, crocuses, and bulbous flowers that bear the fresh and delicate scents that seem to belong to the months of year; but in the colchicums and September and early autumn there is a depth and richness of tint that is in harmony with the ripening shades of the woodland and

THE OLDEST LAND IN THE WORLD.

Across Canada, north of the St. Lawrence and in the regions about the source of the Mississippi, is a range of low granite hills, the Laurentian Highlands. These hills, according to Charles D. "Steward" in the September "Century," are really mountains that are almost worn down. They are the oldest land in America and, perhaps six the oldest in the world. In the beginning there was nothing but water on the face of the earth; then these mountains came up—a long island reef of live rock with universal Ocean chafing against its shores. None of the other continents had yet put in their appearance at the time America was thus looking up. The United States began to come to light by the gradual uplifting of this land to the north and the appearance of the tops of the Appalachians which were the next in order. Later the Rockies started up.

COMMANDER PEARY.

This latest expedition of Commander Peary was the ninth by which he had attempted to reach the Pole. He has been away this time just a little over a year, having left New York on July 7, 1908. It was three years earlier that he started on his previous journey, and he then succeeded in planting the Stars and Stripes on an icy pinnacle only 174 nautical miles from the North Pole. No human beings had ever before reached so high a latitude—Greely, Cmdr. N.—and by attaining it Peary beat Nansen's 1895 achievement by a degree all but eight minutes, and the record of the Duke of Abruzzi—in 1900 by 33 min., or by 55 and 35 nautical miles respectively. On his latest voyage he carried the American flag which President Roosevelt presented to him.

HIS COURAGE AND SUFFERINGS.

Every certainly deserved success, for no man has been more determined to wrest from nature her most closely guarded secret than he. He began his career as an Arctic explorer twenty-four years ago and so long ago as 1886 he made his notable survey of the great inland ice cap of Greenland penetrating on this occasion to a point 100 miles inland from the ice edge and reaching an elevation of 7,525ft. above sea-level, a triumph of endurance in those latitudes. That he is a man of dauntless courage is illustrated by the figured manner in which he proceeded with his expedition in 1891 after an accident on the outward voyage by which both bones of his right leg were broken. So serious were his injuries that he was landed on the Greenland coast strapped to a plank. In a further voyage he was caught in a snowstorm and suffered from frostbite so severely that it was found necessary to amputate seven of his toes.

THE DOYEN OF BRITISH PHILOSOPHERS.

Emeritus-Professor Campbell Fraser, of the Chair of Logic and Metaphysics in the University of Edinburgh, who has been presented by a number of old pupils, colleagues, and other friends with a congratulatory address on the occasion of his ninetieth birthday, is easily the doyen of British philosophers. He was born in the last year of the reign of George III. Although less active than he once was, his bodily health is excellent, while his mental powers are as fresh and vigorous as ever. Within the last twelvemonth he has published an interesting and characteristic volume on Berkeley in Messrs. Blackwood's series of Philosophies Ancient and Modern, in which he weaves together the philosophy of Berkeley and the results of his own maturer reflections on the final problems of human thought.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE HATPIN DANGER.

There is an old and classical story which tells of ladies who, finding a man displease them, made an end of him by means of the pins of their brooches. It is probably some more recent event which has caused the Prefect of Paris to give consideration to a sumptuary law designed to deal with the hatpin. That a hatpin in the hands of an angry woman would be a very disagreeable weapon is clear enough. But we can hardly eliminate from our lives all the things which evil passions might use amiss. Perhaps the reformers of Paris are not so much concerned about the cases in which the hatpin may be used with deliberate evil intent as the opportunities which it offers to disastrous accident. No doubt collision with the projecting end of of a hatpin might make a tragedy, but the danger seems to belong to that class against which it is hopeless to insure. So long as the world contains sharp things on which you may scratch your finger, draughts that may blow on your weakest point, clouds that may rain upon you, there are so many chances of ill that the minute fraction of danger added by the hatpin is of very little importance. Shall we make a statute against windows because they let in draughts, or against fires because they sometimes burn the house down? This is to arrange our affairs on the same principle as the White Knight.

SOME COURAGE NEEDED.

Even if hatpins were the cause of an infinite deal more trouble than there is any reason to suppose, it would still be a bold man who tried to dispose of them by way of an edict. Sumptuary laws have seldom been saluted with a hearty welcome, or found very distinguished success. They have, of course, generally been concerned not so much with the direct as the indirect dangers of articles of attire; not with the murderous uses of ornament, but with its expense. With the object of keeping dress allowances within frugal figures the ancient world made gallant and, on the whole, thoroughly unsuccessful efforts. This sphere of enterprise has, accordingly, been abandoned by the legislators of the modern world to moralists.

PRESENT DAY LAWS OF DRESS.

But there are more laws in the world dealing with dress than one would hastly suppose. We leave out of the question all those laws of custom, more severely binding than any law of the land which forbid you to wear evening dress in the day-time, or your husband to put on brown boots when the other end of him is decorated with a top-hat. The only laws now under consideration are those which a magistrate will, if called upon, enforce. Though all the better feelings of his worship may urge him to convict when you charge a woman with wearing fighting colours, the heartless law restrains. But there is, or was, in New York a law which ordains a penalty of many dollars for those who wear or sell the plumage of wild birds. Nor is it only humanitarian motive which have induced legislation of this class. Reasons of health are ascribed for the ordinance in force in some German towns which forbids the wearing out of doors of dresses which touch the ground. Health again is alleged as the object aimed at by the State of Connecticut when it forbade putting children into short socks. There are other enactments in the same kind. Most of us would probably sympathise with one or another. Most of us would disagree heartily with some of the rest. All of us, we may hope will agree that these are matters which the law of the Legislature had better leave alone. If the general fund of common sense cannot manage them, it is not likely that the law, which seldom has more common-sense than the bulk of the people who make it, will do much at the business.

THE SEASON IN INDIA.

The season and crop prospects for the week ending Saturday, 18th September give the following details:—

UNITED PROVINCES.

Useful rain fell in the eastern districts, the Allahabad division and South Oudh. Standing crops are flourishing. Harvesting of early autumn crops continues. Cotton is being picked. Fields are being prepared for spring sowings and early sowings have commenced in a few places. The condition of agricultural stock is generally good but cattle disease is reported from twenty-four districts. Markets are well supplied. Prices have fallen in twenty districts. Famine relief of all kinds has been closed.

PUNJAB.

Rain was received only in parts of Ambala and Sialkot. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Harvesting of certain autumn crops, such as bulrush millet, rice and maize, is in progress in some districts. Ploughings for and sowings of spring crops are in progress in certain districts. Crops are being damaged by grasshoppers in Ambala and Gujranwala, by locusts in Mianwali and by rats in Ferozepore and Gujranwala; and crops on low-lying and riverain lands have been damaged by the recent rains and floods in Ferozepore. Prices have fallen in four districts and are unchanged elsewhere. Cattle are in good condition. Fodder is sufficient. Complaints of a short water supply continue to be received from the Samundri tahsil of the Lyallpur district.

RAJPUTANA.

Showers of rain were received in places. Standing crops and prospects are good. Harvesting of autumn crops and ploughing of land for spring crops have commenced in most places. Cattle disease prevails in places in Mewar and Marwara. Pasturage and fodder are ample. Prices are steady or falling everywhere except in Karauli and Dholpur.

CENTRAL INDIA.

The rainfall was partial in Bhopal and general elsewhere. Harvesting autum crops is in progress in Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Bhopawar. Crops have been damaged slightly in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except for some cattle disease in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices have fallen slightly in Malwa; they are fluctuating in Indore and are stationary but high elsewhere.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

No rain fell during the week in Chhindwara Nagpur, Bhandara, Wardha and Yeotmal. Narsinghpur had good showers amounting to 4 1/2 inches. In the remaining district the quantity registered from 2 cents in Seoni to 1 3/4 inches in Sauger. More rain is required in the rice districts, especially for crops on light soil or high-lying land. Harvesting of early rice in Chanda and Balaghat and of minor crops in Jubbulpore, Narsinghpur, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Betul and Chhindwara continue. Preparation of land for sowing of spring crops is in progress. Til has not germinated well in the Harda tahsil of Hoshangabad and has been slightly damaged by insects in the Warora tahsil of Chanda. Elsewhere, the condition of autumn crops is good. Fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. Agricultural stock are in good condition. Prices:—wheat in Mandla, gram in Chanda and juar in Akola, Amraoti and Buldana fell by 1 to 1 1-2 seers per rupee. Elsewhere fluctuations were unimportant.

Feudatory States.—Rain is reported from nine States ranging from 6 cents in Khairagarh to 2 inches in Sakti. More rain is needed, especially in Kawardha, Khairagarh, Raj-Nandgaon, Kanker and Surangarh. The early rice crop is in ear in Raigarh, Sarangarh and Sakti and is being cut in Korea and Jashpur. Preparation of land for spring sowings is in progress. Insects continue to do damage in Kawardha and Sakti. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Fodder and water are adequate. Prices:—wheat rose in Sarangarh and fell in Kawardha by 1 seer per rupee. Rice fell by 1 seer in Kawardha and Kanker and fell by same amount in Korea. Kodan rose by a seer in Raj-Nandgaon. There were no marked fluctuations elsewhere.

The Bombay Report has daily appeared.

GREEN-ROOM GOSSIP.

THE GREAT UNSEEN.

Mr. Charles Frohman, to whom, he being an American, was left the glory of opening the present English dramatic season, is the most remarkable man I ever never met writes a London correspondent—most remarkable because, although his name is a playhousehold word, although the newspapers speak of him pretty nearly as often as they speak of Mr. Lloyd George, the man himself is almost as invisible as the famous Mrs. Harris.

"WROPT IN A MISTORY."

He is a "mysterious disappearance," and his corporeal invisibility has come to be regarded in playgoing circles as his chief distinctive physical feature. We know him by what we have not seen of him. People knew Wellington by his nose, Lord Beaconsfield by his curl, Gladstone by his collar, Bradlaugh by his mouth, and Napoleon by his cheek. We recognise Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree by his blue eyes, and Sir Arthur Wing Pinero by his black eyebrows.

A NEGATIVE IDENTITY.

But if we met Charles Frohman—supposing such a thing possible—we could only be sure it was he because we had not seen him before; we should at once identify him by his striking want of resemblance to any other and every other celebrity. It would only be the certainty of his being nobody else that would mark him before our eyes as himself.

PERSONALITY.

It is sometimes said with regard to the fate of theatrical enterprise that personality is everything. This is because we cannot imagine anyone but Mr. George Edwardes successfully reproducing musical plays at Daly's and the Gaiety, or anyone but Mr. Arthur Collins running Drury Lane Theatre as smoothly as he brushes back his hair. But there is no personality whatever about the enterprises of Mr. Charles Frohman—unless we spell it "purse"-onality.

HIS ACHIEVEMENTS.

But look what this Great Unseen has done. He has given us Peter Pan and Miss Pauline Chase; he has provided the ground upon which Mr. J. M. Barrie has marched to the front as a dramatist; he has been responsible, directly and otherwise, for the building of some of London's handsomest theatres he has given us more of the splendid character work of Mr. Gerald Du Maurier than any other manager—any six other managers if it comes to that—in England; he has "presented" Miss Marie Tempest to us in her drollest and most fascinating moods and moments; he has changed the name of the Hicks Theatre to the Globe Theatre—in short, for the last six years or so, he has been the leading spirit of nearly every wise and welcome move on the theatrical board; and yet how many people can say that they have seen him and know what he is like!

A NEAR THING.

He is the greatest man ever unknown; the most prominent personality the mists and purple vapours ever hid from our view. Once and once only, I came very near to meeting him. There had been two or three "first nights" at his English theatres and he was somewhere in London at the time, listening to any rumours that might come his way concerning the business being done by his new productions. On the night I nearly met him in the Strand a new theatre had been opened in his name and this ceremony had somehow drawn him into the vicinity of the scene of operations. I suppose it was a matter of sentiment or of curiosity. All at once, as we were passing the end of a street leading down to the Adelphi Arches, a friend I was with exclaimed to me. "Why, there goes Charles Frohman!" I immediately began searching the crowd in front of me for a gargantuan American celebrity in a purple dress-suit and with ridiculously large shoe-laces, and not finding there the Charles Frohman of my imagination, I told my friend that I could not see the famous theatre-merchant anywhere and that he (my friend) must have been mistaken. I then learned that had I looked in the right direction and at the right person, I would have seen, disappearing into one of the arches, a stout, clean-shaven man, below the average height, with a nose inclined to aquiline curvature, and dressed in a plain lounge suit and a small curly-brimmed bowler.

THE CORKLE.

How could I have been expected to pay any attention to a man in a lounge suit and a bowler, when I was looking for a personage in evening-dress! Did not this Charles Frohman own half of theatrical London? And, was not this the night that he had opened a new theatre? Why should he be hiding in arches from the sun and moon, even as the corkle hides in the sands of the seashore? What's the good of being a corkle when you have every right to be, and every chance of being, a peacock!

CRITICS ONLY.

Mr. George Alexander, who is always kind and courteous and luxuriously nice-mannered, did a characteristic thing when he gave an afternoon performance of Sir Arthur Pinero's new play, "Mid-Channel," on the day before the "first night," and opened the St. James's for that occasion to critics only. When new plays come in with a rush, and there are, perhaps, two produced in one evening, it is convenient for the critic, especially if he be the critic of a daily paper, to know something of the story or the theme beforehand. Having had an opportunity of considering in advance the author's purpose, and getting it properly fixed in his mind, he is then able to give more of his attention, in his review of the first public presentation to the production as a play and to the work of the actors and actresses.

THE JURY.

It was, I say, most kind and thoughtful of Mr. George Alexander to have that special afternoon "for critics only." But I'm in no hurry to attend another ceremony of the sort. Imagine, if you can, the awful and depressing flatness of the affair, the spiritlessness and the pulselessness of the atmosphere—the coldness and the greyness and the dulness. Twenty stern faced critics, sitting motionless and emotionless, mute and melancholy, and displaying no more sympathy with the passionate proceedings on the stage than if they had been a coroner's jury sitting on a "found drowned" pauper, and listening to the officially-phrased evidence of the policeman who had discovered the body.

WHAT OF THE PLAYERS?

How terribly uncomfortable the actors and actresses must have felt, in this lonesome, leaden silence! It must have been like playing before twenty great clocks that had stopped ticking. And things were not improved by the seriousness of the story they had to tell. Theodore and Zoe Blundell, man and wife, had "come a mucker" (to quote the author) on reaching the mid channel of their lives, and had separated and sinned—he (Theodore) with the unscrupulous Mrs. Annerly, who almost made the critics laugh when she declared, "Goodness knows, I don't want to be dragged into the divorce court again—I hate the hole"; she (Zoe) with young Leonard Ferris, contemptuously and aptly described by the sinners' old and good friend (the Hon. Peter Mottram) in the words: "He's a tactless cub, but he's got a nice head of hair and smells of soap."

SUGGESTED PURPOSES.

It is a disagreeable almost a nasty story, but it is written and played most admirably, and it has "purposes." One of these is to show (not for the first time by any means, either on or off the stage) that wives are not so easily forgiven as are husbands for the crime of infidelity; another of these is clearly presented in Zoe's retort to her husband, when the two meet to discuss the errors of their ways, that when they really "came a mucker" was in the early time of their marriage, when they decided not to be encumbered with "brats of children." As will be seen, it is a very painful play, and one is not surprised when Zoe ends it by jumping from the balcony of her lover's top flat in a Kensington "sky-scraper."

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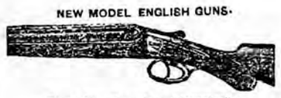

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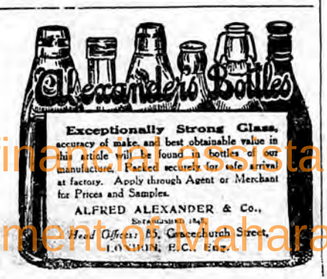

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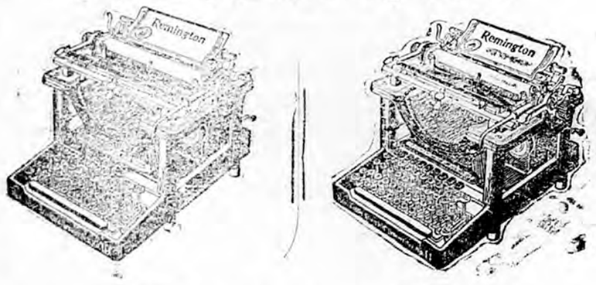

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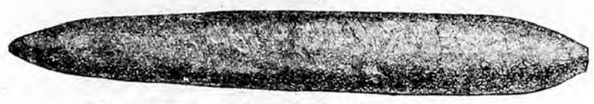
Rs. 6  per 50

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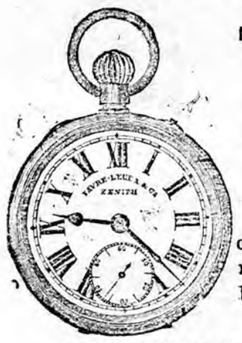

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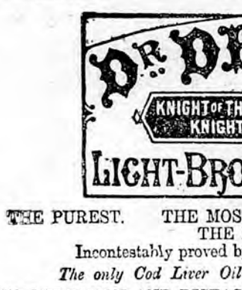

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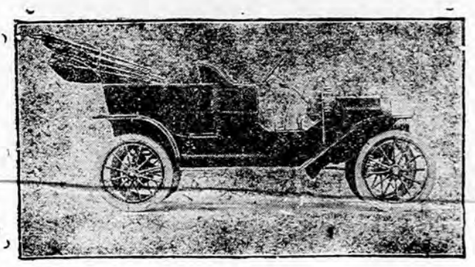

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Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom: Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 36 Frenchurch Street, London, E.C.